The Saturday Evening Post

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CONDITIONS.

The *Saturday Evening Post* is published once a week, at $2 per annum, payable half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS if not paid before the end of the year.

Subscribers will have the privilege to insert an advertisement, throughout the year, to the extent of half a square, at two dollars additional—with the customary allowance for renewals and alterations. Non-subscribers to pay at the rate of one dollar per square for three insertions.

A Letter Box will be found at the gate (No. 53 Market street) where Advertisements and Communications may be deposited—or they will be thankfully received in the Office back.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

SORROW.

Mark yonder form—the child of dark'ning care,
It looks dejected, haggard, and forlorn—
His wan cheek trembling 'neath a trickling tear—
The faded semblance of a rosy morn.

Dark is that look—it seems to blight his soul,
And veil the light which heavenly minds should shed;
It is a worm his pow'r can scarce control—
The heavy cloud by life's dark vapours fed.

Yet mark—tho' dull the look, a latent gleam
Steals softly from beneath that heavy frown;
'Tis sweet RELIGION'S smile: HOPE'S genial beam
Which cheers the heart with care desponding down.

He has a friend my soul can truly prize,
For I can tell the pains of worldly care;
His generous heart can throb and sympathize
With those who feel the shafts of fell despair.

He is a friend I love; from him I know
That peace can dwell in hearts by tempests riven;
That he who meets with COLD NEGLECT below,
From earthly cares, can seek the balm of Heaven.

PASQUIN.

JUNE 24th, 1822.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

WOMAN.—*In answer to Mordant.*

When on the stage of Life we first appear,
As helpless babes, not knowing why we weep,
Who lulls to rest, who wipes the falling tear,
And anxious guards the cradle while we sleep?
'Tis lovely WOMAN, to whose care we owe
Life's first delights: our first relief from woe.

When the wild school-boy, scheming nought but fun,
Draws by his pranks his father's anger down,
Who intercedes so kindly for her son,
And dissipates at length the dreaded frown?
'Tis fond MOTHER turns our grief to joy,
And mildly chides her dear repentant boy.

Our boyhood past, how joyful seems the world
If a kind fair one doth our love return;
But from this heighth of happiness we're hurl'd,
If without hope our youthful bosoms burn.
For a kind word the youthful Lover sighs:
If granted lives—but if denied he dies!

When seeking fame, we forth to battle go;
While tir'd of marching thro' the deep defile,
What cheers the way, what makes our bosoms glow
With martial ardour, and on danger smile?
'Tis not fame only we so dearly prize,
But beams of love from beauty's sparkling eyes.

The fire of youth extinguished, manhood's calm
Succeeds, and stamps with dignity his frame;
Then with a Wife, life's dreary road to charm,
Toil seems delight, unhappiness a name;
Thus lovely WOMAN softens ev'ry care:
See her but smile, why all the world looks fair.

Slowly declining in the vale of years,
Man's helpmate still the dreary hours beguile;
With anxious care his evening age she cheers,
When fretful soothes him with a placid smile;
With love and friendship join'd life glides away,
Years seem like months, a month but as a day.

But if, in helpless age, he's doom'd to grieve
His partner gone, why life no longer charms;
A Daughter's pious care his pains relieve,
Till he expires, supported in her arms;
Even in death, a Woman's virtues prove
The source of countless pleasure, peace and love.

OSCAR.

WILMINGTON, (D.) 1822

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

MESSRS. EDITORS—The enclosed Song, the production of a distant friend, I should be pleased to see honoured in your columns. There is a charm of simplicity and sentiment about it that will ensure it a favourable reception from those who can best appreciate these qualities in poesy. Yours, D.

SONG.

AIR—"SCOTS WHA' HA' WI' WALLACE BLED."

Addressed to the sons of Erin, assembled at a dinner in commemoration of the Patron saint of Ireland.

Erin's sons assembled here,
In mem'ry of our saint so dear,
Now from your bosoms banish care,
Enjoy this day's festivity.

But let one pleasing wand'ring thought,
Rove to that distant lovely spot,
From which to roam it is our lot;
The land of our nativity.

Now let your fancy change the scene,
Transport you o'er th' Atlantic main,
And think you visit once again,
That land of hospitality.

And should some thought with vain regret,
Whisper in foreign lands we've met
And far from home and country——yet
We 'semble in reality.

Thus soothe your hearts; that if you roam
Far from your country and your home,
Is not this land to which you've come,
A smiling land of liberty?

Here we enjoy fair freedom's reign,
Here we have not to sigh in vain,
For man's great rights, for patriots slain
By tyrant's minions ruthlessly.

Though o'er our country's verdant fields
A tyrant his dread sceptre wields,
And with her wings no Eagle shields
That land from British tyranny;

Yet oh! her sons now hail with me,
The day we pray, we hope to see,
When she shall rise sublimely free
Another land of Liberty.

G.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

STANZAS.

From her fields of budding roses,
Spring with hasty step retires,
And the green that earth discloses,
Deepens by the Summer's fires.

Nature warm'd thro' earth and ocean,
Sees her thousand flow'rets rise,
And the incense of devotion
Finds a welcome in the skies.

Tho' the hues which Spring may nourish,
Fade and die at Summer's door,
There are beauties which will flourish,
When her latest bloom is o'er.

But, when all her golden splendors
Shed their last refulgent ray,
Autumn's mournful habit renders
Every scene as blest as they.

Tho' her winds of cold and sadness,
Paint each forest waving tree,
Here are hours of mental gladness
Dearer far than all to me. ARIEL.

JUNE, 1822

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

TO "D."

O, think not from the "cup" there's bliss,
Which proves an antidote for sorrow;
To-day it seems to ease distress,
But, ah! its pains will come to-morrow.

O hallow not the "Goblet," —No;
Nor revel in its pleasing folly;
'Tis sure a pledge of future woe
That wraps the soul in melancholy.

PASQUIN.

JUNE 25th, 1822.

Moral and Religious.

"*There is joy in Heaven over one Sinner that repenteth.*"

Sweet, dearest Anna, is that tear,
It speaks a sinner's soul forgiv'n;
An angel caught a prize so dear,
And bore it to the gates of Heaven.

He clapped his wings of shining white,
And told the tale all flushed with joy;
How did the Saints and Sons of light,
At such an hour their time employ?

O! listen to the cheerful strain,
And drink the joyful tidings in;
Worthy the Lamb that once was slain,
To triumph over death and sin!

Heard'st thou that harp; 'tis mercy flings
Her snow-white hand o'er every chord;
Her plaintive voice salutes the strings,
In soft hosannahs to the Lord.

Bring forth the garments that adorn,
And hide the sinner's shame, she cries:
Another child of grace is born,
Welcome, thou stranger, to the skies!

Enter, O Pilgrim, and adore——
Now ransomed from thy sinful race;
For thee thy Saviour bleeds no more,
O, enter and behold his face.

[*Baltimore Morning Chronicle.*

"*The fashion of the world passeth away.*"

Reader, thou wilt soon be classed with those who have gone before thee. A new generation will occupy the ground you now tread, and a friendly recollection, or a storied urn, be the only relict of thy busied life. Thy years, at most, are few! Thy hopes, if bounded by time's narrow limits, how visionary! Thy expectations, if circumscribed within life's little bound, how precarious! Thy—but, hold; 'man that is in honour abideth not.' Look around. Learn from what has been what may be. The tender grass, now merging into luxuriance, doomed by the frosts of the coming winter to fade and die, may open its ephemeral flower when thy head shall be beneath its sod—when the sun of thy mortal life shall be sunk beneath the horizon of time, and thy present possessions know thee no more forever. Thou hast other interests than the fleeting cares of the present world. Here thou art a passenger, not a resident. Thou art identified only with the present moment, and a pilgrim and a sojourner, as all our fathers were. Let not the toys of this world beguile you of the more substantial joys which grow in rich luxuriance, bud and bloom in wisdom's path, and exhale their fragrance at every step. Thou art destined to a world where the faculties of thy soul, unfettered from the trammels of mortality, and illuminated with the sun of Truth, will explore in rapturous amazement the glories of Goodness, the sublimity of Wisdom, and the fervor of Love.

THE OBSERVER—No. VII.

Varium et mutabile semper.—Virgil.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

THE ROBBER.

It was a cold, cheerless and stormy night at the close of November, that Edward Mordaunt pursued his way along the streets, with a quick pace, to gain his dwelling at some distance. The wind howled fearfully, and as the heavy drops descended from the clouds, they were borne on the strong bosom of the blast, and dashed violently against his face, which stimulated him to still greater speed. As he went along, now and then emitting an ejaculation expressive of his desire to be at home, he was suddenly stopped in his progress by a man, who demanded the loan or gift of a trifle. Edward was generous in the extreme, but yet guarded in his charity, never giving to those whom he deemed unworthy of it. "Why, friend," replied he, "I am not accustomed to give or even lend money, when addressed in such a manner, albeit, I am not aware who it is that asks me." "Give me your money, or you die!" cried the stranger, presenting a pistol. "Well, sir, as I have no particular wish to die at present, and a few guineas will preserve my life—here's my purse." "Thanks, thanks, (said the Robber, in a hurried tone,) may Heaven guard and protect you!"—and in a moment disappeared. "A sentimental meeting this, by mine honour," cried Edward, a little relieved by the flight of the Robber. His appearance, which was discovered by the glimmering of the street lamp, and his emotion, too, seemed to confirm the belief that he was driven to such a daring act by dire necessity—so Edward thought it was better to keep his own counsel, and say nothing about this strange nightly adventure to his companions, as it would only serve them for a little merriment at his expense. With this laudable conclusion he hastened onward, and soon gained his residence. Two years had elapsed, and the event scarcely blazoned itself on his memory, when he was one day called upon by a gentleman of a noble and prepossessing countenance, apparently in the meridian of life, who presented himself with many marks of distinguished respect towards him. "You have the advantage of me," said Edward, "I do not recollect of having the pleasure of seeing you before."

"Do you not," said the other, "remember, some two years back, on a tempestuous night, of being accosted rather cavalierly, and robb'd?"

"Yes, I do remember"—

"Then, I was that wretch."

"How!"

"Yes, sir; my fate seemed deeply involved in that eventful moment—but spare your astonishment for a while, and I will briefly relate the causes which influenced my actions, and led me so near the precipice of destruction. In early age I was left an orphan, and when arrived at manhood, I became possessed of my father's fortune, which was not inconsiderable, and, in consequence, attached myself to a young lady of merit, whose hand I soon afterwards obtained.—But listen—I had a friend, at least I believed him so—who was cherished with all the fond affection of a brother—while I was nestling a viper in my bosom, who turned and bit the hand that fed him. By his artful machinations, I was induced to entrust my property entirely in his hands, for the purpose of entering into speculative schemes, which he flattered me would tend considerably to augment it. But the villain, as soon as an opportunity offered, decamped, and left me pennyless! The loss of property was, indeed, a sore affliction, yet the ingratitude of man preyed still heavier on my feelings. I visited those who, in former days, I had numbered among my most sincere associates, but they turned a deaf ear to my solicitations, and tauntingly advised me for the future to be more cautious. Never shall I forget the hour, after having sought in vain for some employment, to enable me to escape the threats of my creditors, and provide for the necessities of my family, I sought to allay the ferment in my breast, in some measure, from the cheering fortitude which animated the gentle consolations of my beloved partner. Who, though

"Want, worldly want, that hungry meagre fiend,"

stared us full in view, was ready to receive me with open arms—but my imagination pictured the anguish of her heart, which she vainly strove to conceal. My little children were asleep—for hunger had not entirely deprived them of this invigorating resource—but there was no food for them when they awoke—a thought rushed across my brain—the night, too, was favourable to my design. The moment I could escape, I seized a pistol and rushed from the house, and you were the first person whom a protecting genius threw in my way. With what followed you are already acquainted. The sum you gave preserved my wife and little children, while it afforded me time to get into business, and I trusted Providence would assist me in making ample remuneration to my benefactor. Six months ago, the man who had caused all my misery, died, and left me his sole property, as some recompence for the injuries I had suffered. Since which time, I have endeavoured to find you out, but could not satisfy myself until this day, when I recognized you entering this house."

——— It only remains to be said, that Edward and the *ci-devant* Robber became, ever after, firm and unshaken friends. R. B.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

ALMANZOR.

The wild waves of the Darro washes the base of the tomb which rises over the ashes of Isabel De Lanos and the Moor Almanzor. In one of those struggles which eventually terminated in the expulsion of the Moors from Grenada, Almanzor fell wounded, gallantly fighting at the head of his legion, who panic struck at the misfortune of their leader, precipitately fled from the field of battle. Although one of that nation against whom the Spanish armies were arrayed, yet the humane feelings of a neighbouring cottager prompted him to offer an asylum beneath his roof, to the noble and wounded Moor.—The cottage of Lope De Lanos was situated in one of the most delightful vallies in Grenada, from the entrance of which you might descry the smoke curling from the chimney, half hid from the view by the number of orange trees by which it was surrounded. The approach to it was through a long avenue of cypress, the gloomy appearance of which formed an admirable contrast to the richness of the foliage of the orangery near the cottage, from which the variously sweet notes of the Grenadian songsters saluted the ear every moment.

To this secluded spot did Lope De Lanos bear the wounded Moor, where under the care of himself and the Lady Isabel, his daughter, Almanzor soon became convalescent. Isabel was one of those whom the traveller will meet with in Spain, and there only—to the gracefulness of a Sylph, and the dark olive complexion so peculiar to the Grenadians, were united that coal black eye, the flashing of which proved, in despite of the Spanish feature, that Moorish blood beat high in her veins.

Almanzor grew in the confidence and esteem of Isabel and her father, so that when the duties of the war called De Lanos from home, he entreated the Moor to remain and become the protector of his daughter and his possessions—He did so, and after the heat of the day was over and the cooling breeze of the south was sporting in the valley, with Isabel hanging on his arm, he would wander along the banks of the little rivulet which skirted the cottage and enjoy uninterrupted happiness, while the rich odour of the orangery, the placid smile of nature beaming on the valley, the setting sun sparkling afar off on the bosom of the Darro, and the music of the castanet and sequidille to which the happy villagers were dancing on the green beneath him, were all in unison with his feelings.

One evening, it was the one preceding his departure to join the army, they had strolled to the river, and were resting on a seat raised on the banks, and Isabel was gazing on the moon just rising over the distant mountains, while Almanzor was painfully revolving in his mind, the improbability of his ever again visiting that lovely spot, of his ever again meeting the amiable being who sat beside him, when Isabel with a voice rendered softer by suppressed emotion, began singing the following lines:

The joys of childhood's sweetest day,
Have fled on feathery pinions fleet,
Those joys, alas! which never may,
To me again, their charms repeat.

The moon that sheds her silvery ray,
Across the heavens so starry bright,
Shall sink beneath the ocean's spray,
And plunge us in redoubled night.

Tho' sweetly glows the orange trees,
Beneath the summer's fervid ray,
But still, when winter loads the breeze,
Their leafy honours meet decay.

And ever thus———

At this moment the seat on which they reclined gave way and precipitated them into the river—The waves bore Isabel onward, and Almanzor in despair swam after her. But he was unequal to the conflict, and the fishermen of the Darro discovered them on the following morning locked in each others arms.—They erected this little cemetery over their grave and engraved on it

"THEY DIED TOGETHER."

RAYMOND.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

Guilt triumphant over Innocence,
OR THE
STORY OF EMMA SOMERTON:
[Continued.]

Advancing up the avenue that led to the house, he was immediately recognized by the elder Somerton as the son of one of his earliest and most intimate friends, and who had borne arms with him and been his fellow sufferer in many an adverse hour. With all the impatience of agitated feelings and revived recollection, he hastened to greet him, and the cordial smile and embrace of welcome spoke the undisguised sentiments of sincerity, and might have been a solace to the stranger, and made the sweets of hospitality doubly dear. Beldair, for so we shall call him, was immediately introduced to the younger part of the family: to Theodore he appeared to possess all those qualities which constitute the sum of individual beauty, the requisites of manly character, and the embellishments of mind; and the feelings of the innocent Emma convinced her heart that his presence had robbed that heart of its peace. Holy affection! where in nature is the tie more binding, sweet, or pure than that which distinguishes thee! what rapture equal to thine when reciprocated—or where is the enjoyment that is like to thine, when thy first dawning gleams on the unspotted heart of youth, that beats in all the fervency of nature and of truth! Had I the tongue of a seraph I would glory in thy praise—with the pen of a mortal I will pourtray the baneful influence of that villainy that set at naught the loveliest of thy emanations, and sacrificed at the shrine of detested passion, the fairest feelings that was ever owned by thee. But to quit this involuntary digression, and resume our narrative. Beldair was, in the technical language of the world, what is called a man of gallantry, and possessed in perfection all that the world considers as necessary in the formation of such a character: an engaging exterior—insinuating address—and a beauty of form and countenance rarely excelled. He was the son of a distinguished officer, who, as before related, was, in his younger days, on the most intimate terms with Everard Somerton. Beldair had occasionally seen Somerton, and had frequently received the most pressing invitation to pay him a visit in the happy village of D——. But the allurements of the fashionable world were too fascinating, and held too strong an influence over his mind to allow Beldair an opportunity of availing himself of his reverend friend's invitations, and he had carelessly neglected the fulfilment of those promises, the non adherence to which, with others, was one of the then fashionable accomplishments of the times. By the recent death of his father, he became possessed of a considerable fortune: his accession to this was the period for his setting at defiance every moral obligation, and of pursuing the most unblushing career of guilty indulgence: his advancement in the army was his first object, conscious of the importance attached to the superiority of rank—money easily obtained him this—and as he was foremost on the lists of honour, so was he confessedly the most dissipated and extravagant libertines of the day.

It might be supposed that a character such as we have here endeavoured to describe, would of all others, be the least likely to obtain countenance from the world—but unfortunately for that world, it is too often deceived by the glitter and tinsel show of appearance; and if it cannot excuse will wink at those vices, which, though it condemn, are too alluring to resist.

The regiment in which he commanded was at length ordered to a change of quarters—and Beldair gladly joined in the march, anticipating new scenes of pleasure from change of place: it was on this march that he remembered the friend of his father, and as the route lay directly through the village, he gladly hastened to the fulfilment of his now almost forgotten promise.

His reception in the manner we have described was the most opposite to what he had expected, he shrunk abashed from the unreproachful eyes of the old man to gaze on the beauties of his grand-daughter, and while he felt the feelings of libertinism repressed by the expressive dignity of her countenance, and the guardian looks of her brother, he experienced all that tumult of soul which results from the long habit of unbridled passion and uncontrolled desire. He saw the necessity of caution, and was resolved to act the [illegible] of deception. To the happy [illegible] his conversation was animated and [illegible] cing a perfect knowledge of the world, and [illegible] timate acquaintance with all that [illegible] man of honour and of taste; but all this was [illegible] so many arrows levelled against the [illegible] Emma, whose retiring looks and [illegible] spoke the very language of the heart. In the language of love Beldair was well versed—his respectful looks of humble adoration, were [illegible] well interpreted by the unsuspecting Emma, and caused many a blush to mantle o'er her cheek of white. Her modest glances when she [illegible] struck to the heart of Beldair, and he already felt the pleasure of his triumph.

A pressing invitation by Theodore to return, was instantly acceded to by Beldair, and he departed on his march, well pleased with the issue of his visit. Some of the important duties of his station discharged, he again found himself at leisure, and his thoughts naturally bent towards the village of D——. He was not long debating on his excursion, but instantly set out unaccompanied by any one, and reached a solitary house about nightfall, a few miles from the place of his destination. Resolved not to loose a moment he again pressed onward: the night was extremely dark, and he was in imminent danger from the roughness of the road, which caused his horse to stumble very frequently, and added to his master's impatience, that it deprived the animal of its speed.

Vexed at the delay occasioned by these circumstances, it was with difficulty he could restrain the natural impatience of his temper from venting itself on the unoffending animal, on which he was mounted, whose speed could not be quickened by the most strenuous exertions of the impatient rider.—At length, growing careless he resigned the reins, and barely maintained his seat in the saddle, wearied with his unceasing exertions to quicken the movements of his horse. In a mood of frequently interrupted meditation he passed slowly along; the probable result of his visit to the Somerton's was often revolved in his mind; that he should shortly again behold the features of Emma, was the thought that kept chief possession of his soul; that he should enjoy her society and the light of her smile, was the desideratum that inspired all that soul with the fulness of hope and the sweets of anticipation: his heart acknowledged that she alone was the object that excited his steps to the village of D——; and he felt the force of her attraction growing stronger the nearer he approached her long-desired presence. A sudden start of his horse recalled his attention to the external circumstances of his situation, and looking down he discovered that his progress was arrested by the figure of a man whose face was masked and whose dress indicated a similar intention of disguise. Beldair imperiously demanded of him his intention in thus presuming to stop him on his way, but received no other answer than the exclamation, "your money or your life!" Not being in a mood to comply with either of these extravagant demands, and perceiving at once the precariousness of his situation, Beldair deliberately drew forth a pistol from his holster, but in the act of levelling it, was himself levelled with the ground by a ball from the pistol of another ruffian, who perceiving his intention, was not long in securing the safety of his companion. Beldair was materially injured but not mortally: he was however unable to rise, which gave the robbers an opportunity to effectuate their design of plunder, in the act of which they were disagreeably surprized by the appearance of two horsemen whom the report of the pistol had brought to the spot. The villains fled, carrying with them but a small compensation for the mischief it appeared likely they had caused; and the strangers immediately hastened to the relief of the wounded man, whose misfortune awakened all their compassion. It was not long before a recognition took place, and Beldair found to his great joy that the youth whom Providence had sent to his succour was no other than the brother of the lovely Emma—Theodore Somerton. [*To be continued.*]

The Ladies' Friend.

"But she was naught to me,
More than that patent work of God's invention,
A charming Woman, whom we like to see."
BYRON.

As it will be accorded by all men who are alive to the pleasures of good society, that we derive most of our happiness from the social charms of women, it certainly should be an important desideratum with those to whom are entrusted the education and improvement of the female mind, to give them those accomplishments which render their company so delightful to man.

One of the most egregious errors with which the company is chargeable, is the common practice of teaching the young girls as they rise from the nursery, certain formal and unnatural airs and manners; a stiff and haughty mien in walking; and a most ridiculous affectation in social converse. Of all things, these qualities in a woman are the most disagreeable and appalling to a bold, free, and noble minded man. Even if their beauty were equal to that of Venus, such deformity of manners must damp the ardor of love.

"That the nearest imitation of nature is the perfection of art," is a maxim which is as applicable to this subject as to any other. What is more pleasing, than the familiar and unaffected manners of a pretty woman, when those manners are tempered with good sense? Indeed, so powerful is the charm which they give, that they will render her company delightful, even when unaccompanied by any other qualification.—But when they are attended with good sense and beauty, their force is irresistible, indeed. 'Tis then, that this terrestrial goddess

"Casts round her laughing eyes, in playful turns
The glance that lightens, and the smile that burns."

'Twas this [illegible] of manners that rendered Mrs. Madison so pleasing to all who knew her; 'tis this that rendered the ideal character of Diana Vernon, so exquisitely charming—'twas this, that enraptured Burns in his "Lassie with the lint white locks."

In fine, it is this easy and unaffected familiarity of manners, which casts a [illegible] of enchantment over the heart of [illegible] which fascinates and fetters him [illegible] this, which renders woman the [illegible] rable and lovely object upon ea[illegible]

[illegible]

DRY GOODS.

[illegible] will be sold [illegible] DRY GOODS, suitable [illegible]

WM. WALLACE,

[illegible]

ALSO.

[illegible] White [illegible] and [illegible] Feathers, Flowers, Ribbands, [illegible] Furniture Chintz, [illegible] French and India Silks, Lace [illegible] 4-4 English Ingrain Hemp [illegible] other articles in the Dry Goods [illegible] dec 22—tf

Wholesale and Retail Brewery.

[illegible] informs his friends and the public [illegible] supplied with FRESH [illegible] ALE, at the following prices, viz. from [illegible] and upwards, at the rate of 18¾ cents [illegible] Beer at 6¼ cents per gallon.
WM. STEVENS,
[illegible] of Gray's alley and Front street.

DAVID EVANS,

[illegible] late firm of David and Joseph Evans, [illegible] a Commission MOROCCO and [illegible] STORE, No. 27 Chesnut street, between [illegible] and Front streets, Philadelphia, [illegible] all kinds of Leather on Commission [illegible] Country Tanners and others, and [illegible] general assortment of Morocco, of [illegible] on hand—he likewise purchases [illegible] and Tanners Oil for those who [illegible]. A large assortment of GOAT SKINS [illegible] on consignment. [illegible] up to the Tanning and Currying [illegible] himself a judge of Leather and [illegible] He will also receive SHOES to sell on [illegible] ☞ All which will be attended to [illegible] feb 2—tf

DAVID COGGINS,

[illegible] LEATHER AND HIDE STORE, No. [illegible] Chesnut Street, has just received, by the [illegible] and for sale at the lower terms, large [illegible] SPANISH HIDES, of various qualities, [illegible] and in fine order. [illegible] Coggins has on hand 2000 pairs [illegible] Shoes, first and second quality, [illegible] or retail. may 11—tf

[illegible], MARKET STREET.

Cast Steel Scythes, Sickles, &c.

[illegible] most approved makes of Grass and Corn [illegible] cut and wrought NAILS, with a general assortment of HARDWARE and CUTLERY, for sale by the Subscriber, cheap for cash, Wholesale or Retail.

Thomas Shipley.

April 27—tf

Richard Spragg, Jr.

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public in general, that he has taken out a Commission for the Sale of REAL ESTATE, [illegible] and HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE. He offers his services to his fellow citizens of the city and county of Philadelphia, in the above line of business, and hopes by strict attention, and punctuality in the discharge of his duty, as an Auctioneer for the Sale of unduiable property, to have a share of public patronage, as nothing shall be wanting on his part to give general satisfaction. ☞ Applications made at No. 8, SOUTH FOURTH STREET, or at No. 36 DOCK, below Second street, will command early attention.

All kinds of Household Furniture, and undutiable articles received for Private Sale, at the Store, No. 8, South Fourth Street, below Market, west side. RICHARD SPRAGG, Jr. Auct'r.
June 29—3t

VENETIAN BLINDS,

MADE, painted, and fitted up in the best possible manner, at the Columbian Shade Manufactory, No. 104, North Fifth Street, Philadelphia, either for cash, or in exchange for Merchandise. As the subscriber devotes the whole of his time to this business, he flatters himself that he can give better satisfaction to his employers than those who are involved in a labyrinth of professions.— Orders from any part of the country executed with fidelity and despatch, by the public's faithful servant,
JOHN YATMAN.
Jan 12—6m

R. L. JENNINGS,

GIVES lessons upon his system of SHORT HAND, at No. 2 South Eighth street. Ladies or Gentlemen desirous of acquiring a thorough knowledge of this art, may be assured, that from its simplicity, a person of ordinary capacity will, in less than two weeks, be able to read and write it correctly and expeditiously. feb 23—tf

OGLEBY's SICKLES.

HARRIS's genuine Grass Scythes, Garrett's do. English do. Scythe Stones in great variety—Warranted English Blister'd, Millington and Cast Steel—Iron and Brass Bottling Wire, Shovels and Spades, Waggon Boxes, and a general assortment of NEW HARDWARE and CUTLERY, just received, and for sale on very low terms, by
BENJAMIN HORNOR,
June 1—tf No. 47 Market street.

ROBERT S. ENGLISH,

HOUSE CARPENTER, No. 31, Strawberry street, carries on all the various branches of Carpentry, on very reasonable terms for CASH. He will warrant his work to be equal, both for durability and elegance, to any in the city.

PACKING BOXES made at the shortest notice.
☞ All orders thankfully received and promptly attended. may 18—tf

THE CELEBRATED

CEYLON TOOTH POWDER.

THE recipe for this excellent Dentifrice was [illegible] by a gentleman in the East Indies to his friend in England, where it is universally used and [illegible] being a preventative of the [illegible]. It purifies and sweetens the [illegible] causes the Teeth to be a beautiful white; [illegible]

London Female Fashions for May.

[illegible] Long sleeves very tight, and finished by a pointed cuff, the points turned upwards, and are edged with yellow satin. Full ruff [illegible] composed of British lace, completely envelopes the throat. The head-dress is a demi-cornette, made of blond [illegible] and trimmed with yellow gauze ribbons: the form is remarkably simple and elegant. Black kid shoes and gloves are made to correspond with the trimming of the dress.

Full Dress.—Round dress, composed of tulle, over a white satin slip: the bottom of the skirt is finished by a garniture of tulle intermixed with pearls; this is surmounted by a trimming composed of tulle, chenille, and pearls, disposed in alternate wreaths of corn flowers, and roses; this trimming has a striking and elegant effect.— The corsage is cut low, and in such a manner as to give considerable width to the chest; it is tight to the shape. Three falls of tourterelle points go entirely round the bust. Sleeve composed of tulle over white satin; it is short and full, and ornamented with points to correspond. The front hair is dressed in light full ringlets, which fall very low at the sides of the face. The hind hair is arranged in bows somewhat higher than it has lately been worn. Head-dress, a very full plume of ostrich feathers, and a pearl sprig. Necklace and earrings, pearl. White kid gloves, and white gros de Naples shoes.

Foreign Intelligence.

The latest accounts from London are up to the 13th of May, and Irish papers to the 16th, have been received. Recent arrivals at New-York furnishes us with many particulars relative to the famine existing in Ireland, and the measures which have been adopted in consequence thereof to check the evil, and other valuable information, of which we have selected as much as our limits would admit.

The Belfast News Letter, of the 14th. of May, gives an abstract of Parliamentary proceedings up to the 10th. and an account of the meeting held in London on the 7th. for devising measures to relieve the starving population of a part of Ireland. Five thousand pounds were subscribed in a few hours, and the London editors asserted that it would soon be augmented to fifty thousand pounds.

The committee had already remitted 2600*l.* to Ireland; and benevolent individuals were sending provisions. One lady had sent 40 tons of potatoes, and 10 barrels of herring. It was reported that the government intended to supply the wants of the people, by sending from England large quantities of grain, rice, and American flour. The Irish editor opposes this measure, as he says there is grain enough in Ireland (oats) to supply all their necessities, and the government should purchase *there.* Foreign flour and rice, he contends, should not be introduced where they have oats enough of their own.

A meeting was to be held at Belfast, for similar objects to that held in London.

His Grace the Right Hon. and the Hon William Stewart, D. D Lord Arch Bishop of Armagh, and Primate of Ireland, died on the 6th of May, in consequence of laudanum having been administered to him by mistake. He was born in Feb. 1755. It is rumoured that the present Arch Bishop of Dublin is to succeed Dr. S and the Arch Bishop of Tuam be removed to the sea of Dublin.

A London article of May 9 says a letter has been received by express from Paris, which states on good authority, that the Turkish government have decided on sending a Plenipotentiary to the approaching Congress, for settling the affairs of Europe—to be held at Florence. The latest news from St. Petersburgh, (16th of April) favors the opinion of war.

The resignation of Lord Liverpool is again talked of, and a rumour has been stated that Mr. Canning will not go out to India.

The famine rages terribly in the western district of Cork—flocks of starving people add to the misery of the towns.

The nobility and gentry of Cork, have voted an address of congratulation to the Marquis of Wellesley, on his assuming the government of the island.

The Journal des Debats contains what it styles a faithful translation of the Turkish note of the 28th of February, presented by the Reis Effendi to the English Ambassador. This differs essentially in style and matter from that formerly published. It is moderate, temperate and argumentative.— The right of Russia to interfere for the protection of the Rajahs of Moldavia and Wallachia, is not questioned in this document—nor does the Turkish Government declare its determination not to evacuate these provinces, nor to appoint Hospodars. On the contrary, it promises to do both on the return of tranquillity, but appeals to Russia whether such a procedure can or ought to be adopted during the existence of an open rebellion. When order shall have been re-established, then will the Turkish Government rebuild the Christian Churches and protect the Christian religion in the now revolted provinces. The Divan also reminds Russia, that she has not fulfilled the treaty of Bucharest, by which the Asiatic Fortresses were to have been surrendered to Turkey within a specified period. On the whole, there is nothing in this document from which the necessity of a war can be deduced.

The Prince and Princess of Denmark are expected in town by to-morrow night. Warwickhouse has been got in complete readiness for their reception.

Private letters from St. Petersburgh of the 16th of last month, coming from respectable authority, favour that war with Turkey will really take place.—*Star.*

A letter from Pera, dated the 25th March, draws a frightful picture of the situation of the unfortunate Christians at Constantinople; they were flying by thousands, and the number of them was estimated at upwards of 50,000, who had embarked or who were about to implore an asylum of the European Ambassadors.

Clonmel, May 4—On Wednesday last, a body of insurgents, consisting of upwards of 200 persons, with white scarfs on their hats, attacked several houses in the neighborhood of Kilcash and Callynockin. They visited the dwelling of a farmer, with intent to murder him; but he made his escape, though they fired several shots at him; they returned to his house, of which they did not leave a vestige standing, and demolished all the furniture.

THE TURKS—German papers to the 7th inst. have arrived. Accounts from Constantinople, dated the 9th ult. state that the ill-disposed part of the population of that capital have again been guilty of excesses, to which two Greeks have fallen victims. All the Franks and Rayas were menaced with massacre. A council was assembled to deliberate upon measures for [illegible], to which the Aga of the Janissaries was summoned, and enjoined, on his personal responsibility, to prevent their recurrence. In consequence of this injunction, he patrolled the streets with a strong [illegible] and took 300 "vagabonds" into custody, 50 [illegible]

[illegible] he agreed to be strangled, and sent the [illegible] round the fleet.

The [illegible] Spectator says—"There have lately [illegible] here (at Smyrna) strict orders from the [illegible] addressed to the local authorities, in which they are enjoined to maintain the most perfect order, and to punish with instant death any persons [illegible] who shall disturb the public tranquillity."

It appears by advices received at Antwerp on the 7th ultimo, that the plague had broken out at Constantinople, where it was making great ravages. It had extended as far as Pera and to the fort, and a great number of Europeans had fallen victims to it.

GREECE.—A letter from Zante of the 26th of March, sets forth that Thermopylæ is exhibiting a new scene of glory—Ulysses triumphing over the enemies of Greece. The famous Visier of Larissa has fallen in battle. This chief, the most powerful of the Satraps since the death of Ali Tebelen, had marched from Constantinople at the head of 8000 infantry, 4000 cavalry and 800 artillery. At the defile of Thessaly a general engagement took place, and the Turks left on the field of battle 5000 dead, 9 pieces of cannon, and the body of Drama Mahomet Pacha. The wreck of their army got into Zictour where they are besieged. After this victory, the principal cities of Thessaly raised the standard of independence.

Another Greek by the name of Lecurgus appeared at the head of the Samians in Dec. and succeeded in throwing off the Turkish yoke.

The president of the Greek congress has notified to the regents of the European powers that all the ports of Crete are in a state of blockade.

The Lord Commissioner of the Ionian isles has sent a message to the commander of the Greek fleet that he is not to sail on the coast of Epirus.

The Greek peasantry in Thessaly have resolved to declare open war against the Turks, and have joined the Greek confederation. An army is said to have been raised, under the title of the Army of Macedonia, composed of 7,000 men, and commanded by experienced captains. This army preceded, in the first instance, to occupy the defiles of Mount Olympus, the valley of Tempe, and the banks of Peneus; and thence, their numbers increasing on their march, traversed the country as far as Killiderven, on the sea coast. It then commenced the siege of Borrhoe. A body of Turks, sent to its relief by the Pacha of Salonichi, were defeated, and the place surrendered on the 24th March. The new insurrection has compelled Chourschid Pacha to relinquish his plan of marching to the relief of Patras.

The accounts from St. Petersburgh, are of the 7th. April, and decidedly warlike. The equipages of the Grand Dukes, who wish to accompany the Russian guards, had been forwarded to Minsk; those of Alexander were not to be forwarded until he joined the army, which he was only prevented doing by the non arrival of M. Tatitscheff, who, however, was hourly expected.

The Dutch papers are full of details, highly consolatory, respecting the triumph which every where attend the Grecian arms. The subscriptions in aid of their cause in Russia alone, amounted to 900,000 rubles.

Roman Catholic Peers.—The parish of Saint Olave, Southwark, resolved on Tuesday to petition parliament against the admission of Catholic Peers to the House of Lords.

Earl Grosvenor, whose property in mines is very considerable, is reported to have sustained a loss of 100,000*l.* by the defalcation of a confidential agent, who is said to have quitted the kingdom.—*Leeds Intelligencer.*

The Abbe Sicard, the celebrated Director of the Institution of the Deaf and Dumb, died in Paris, on the 10th of May, at the advanced age of eighty.

Accounts from Smyrna to the 9th of April, state, that from 15 to 20 Greeks were daily murdered, and on that day no less than 40 of these unfortunate men had fallen victims to popular frenzy. All the shops continued closed and no business transacted.

In France, the elections are going on in favour of the liberals. Of the eight deputies for the department which embraces Paris six were patriots.— Some disturbances have broken out in Spain, but they appear not to be formidable. A party of the insurgents had passed into France, and were instantly disarmed by the Cordon Sanataire stationed on the frontiers.—An evidence in favour of the good faith of the French government.

The Prince and Princess of Denmark, (they are husband and wife,) have arrived in England.

According to a letter from an eminent personage at Vienna, Austria, and Russia are agreed on the policy which they will observe relatively to the affairs of Turkey. Farther, the latter power, it is said, has formally consented not to open the campaign against the Turks, except in the case that every medium of conciliation prove unavailing, and that should the Divan persist in its resolution of the 28th of February last, the Russian armies shall not commence hostilities until the troops of the other powers, (probably Austria and Prussia,) shall have arrived at the positions assigned them. It is added that in order to the final arrangement of this important affair, the ministers of the five great powers will meet at Vienna in the course of June next, to open new conferences. This is what has given rise to the report of an approaching Congress in the capital of Austria.

Upwards of 40,000 pounds had been subscribed in London, previous to the 15th of May, for the relief of the suffering poor in Ireland.

Kent, the water pedestrian, has undertaken for a wager of 1000 guineas, to walk across the sea from Dover to Calais.

A most disgraceful scene took place on Monday week, on Bow-common. Two lads, one named Platt and the other Snelgrove, were matched to fight for 2*l.* The contest continued two hours and thirty minutes; and at the termination Platt was so much injured, that he expired on Wednesday week, and Snelgrove lies dangerously ill.— We understand one of them was desirous of giving in, at the expiration of one hour, but was prevented by the seconds. During the fight a gentleman had his pocket picked of eight sovereigns, which the marauders had the impudence to divide between them before his face.

John Randolph in London.

A meeting of the African Institution was held in London on the 10th. of May. A long report was read, stating the number of vessels employed openly by the French, and clandestinely by the French and Dutch, in carrying on the traffic in slaves, and adverting in terms of praise to the South American governments in abolishing the trade, and that of the United States in declaring it piracy. Mr. John Randolph was present and addressed the meeting on the subject. The following notice of his remarks is given in the Times:

"Mr. Randolph, the distinguished American, then rose to return thanks for this mark of respect towards the United States of America. He said that after the eloquence which had already been displayed upon this great subject, it would be an act of presumption, scarcely excusable in any stranger, but unpardonable in him, to intrude his unpremeditated expressions upon them after the able speeches which they had not only heard, but felt. [Applause.] He was, however, impelled by a double motive, which he could not resist, to offer himself for a few moments to their attention; first, to discharge an act of duty in behalf of his native land, in the absence of its official representative; an absence as unexpected by himself as it was unforeseen, and which had cast upon him a duty he felt inadequate to perform—that of thanking the meeting for the grateful sense they had expressed towards America, and also to assure them that all that was exalted in station, in talent, and in moral character among his countrymen, was, as in England, firmly united for the suppression of [illegible]. [Loud Applause.] It was [illegible] to him to know that Virginia, the land [illegible], the place of his nativity, had for half [illegible] a public brand, [illegible] upon this traffic, and had [illegible] to the claim of the wretched objects of it to the common rights and attributes of humanity. [Loud Applause.]—He repeated his thanks to the meeting for the flattering reception they had given him.

["The plainness of Mr. Randolph's appearance, his republican simplicity of manner, and his easy and unaffected address, attracted much attention: He sat down amidst a burst of applause."]

RUSSIA AND TURKEY.

The N. Y. Commercial Advertiser says, it will now be seen that so far from the intelligence previously received, of Turkey having lowered its tone, and shown a disposition to give up Moldavia and Wallachia, the Divan had resolved not to give up one single point, notwithstanding the continued efforts of the ministers of Great Britain and Austria, to induce the Sultan and his ministers to accede to the proposals of Russia. The Divan still behave in the most supercilious manner towards the European ambassadors, to whom they scarcely deign to return an answer to the diplomatic notes which the latter present: while the soldiers of Turkey continue to commit the greatest atrocities on the unfortunate Greeks, who are within their power. The accounts by this conveyance do not warrant the belief, that a Congress would be held for the purpose of settling the existing differences. On the contrary, it appears that the European Alexander was to have left his capital on the 4th of May, for Warsaw, to place himself at the head of his armies, and that all the letters from Russia and Poland up to the end of April, breathed nothing but hostility. The Turks too, are stated to have 18,000 men in Moldavia, Wallachia, and on the Danube, and betwixt that river and Mount Haemus, their whole forces, consisting mostly of Asiatic troops, are estimated at 200,000 men. It is obvious from these statements, whether the negociations going on, terminate in peace or in war, that both parties are preparing for the worst.

FROM THE U. S. SHIP FRANKLIN.

Extract of a letter from an Officer on board the U. S. ship Franklin, dated

VALPARAISO, Feb. 14th, 1822.

"We arrived here on the 5th instant, after stopping two days at the Island of Juan Fernandez, famed as the residence of Selkirk, *alias Robinson Crusoe.* That island is a most miserable place, slightly garrisoned by the Chilian government, merely for the purpose of taking charge of exiles sent from that country. Our passage from Rio, though not a very short one, was tolerably pleasant; we were twenty days from the south-east extremity of the continent before we considered ourselves fairly on the bosom of the Pacific ocean, and although midsummer here, we had frequent squalls of snow and hail.

"With regard to the state of public affairs, it is very difficult to get at it. Chili is entirely free from any royal troops, but the government is still unsettled, and will probably remain so for some time. It is altogether military and of course despotic; in fact the people are too unenlightened to appreciate the blessings of a free government. The war in Peru is not yet over, although the Patriots have all the principal sea ports. The Royalists are still strong in the interior, and have possession of all the mining country. San Martin has quarrelled with Cochrane and all the Chilian officers, who have nearly all left him in disgust. The people here have but little money, and those who have any, are afraid to shew it, particularly at Lima.

"The Chilian government is now in tolerable good credit, having paid off all its paper currency, rendering specie the only circulating medium. Individual property, however, is by no means safe here, for the officers of government take indiscriminately wherever they find it, regulating their *right* only by their *necessities.* A few days before our arrival the governor of Conception took from Capt. Pinkham, of the ship Ocean, of New-York, seven thousand dollars, without any pretext whatever, except that they *wanted* it, and treated him and his crew in a shameful and cruel manner, to compel them to show where the money was stowed. The Ocean arrived here the day before yesterday, and the government will now, doubtless, disown the act, and refund the money, owing to the presence of our ship."

DREADFUL FIRE.—A fire, the most destructive of any that has ever visited Baltimore, which threatened the demolition of a great portion of the city, commenced on Sunday afternoon last, about half past four o'clock, and burned with the greatest fury for nearly four hours. It first broke out from Kirby & Clarke's lumber-yard, in the rear of M'Elderry's wharf, and spread with unexampled rapidity, being aided by a strong south-east wind. Seventeen large store-houses were destroyed, and in all the number of buildings consumed amounts to thirty—besides lumber to the value of one hundred thousand dollars. Several persons were severely injured, particularly one named Joseph Bennard. It is said the loss of Messrs. Kirby & Clarke is at least 45,000—Mr. West's 25,000, and Messrs. Bromwell's 15,000— These gentlemen intend to commence business immediately, and aided by the friendly countenance of their fellow citizens, may be enabled to repair, in part, this misfortune.

Savannah, (Geo.) June 15.

EXPLOSION.—The copper globe in which Soda Water is prepared, belonging to Dr. Worrel, exploded yesterday, with a considerable report in consequence of the pressure of the air within. A negro who had been employed in filling it, and was at the time of its bursting leaning over it, was considerably injured, and was carried to the hospital.

Norristown, (Penn.) June 26.

EARLY HARVESTING.—On Saturday last, the 22d inst. a neighboring farmer, (Michael Staley,) cut and put up *two hundred and forty dozen of Rye,* in good order. The crops in this neighborhood are generally fit for the sickle—next week we expect will be about the height of harvest, and many will be finishing about the time they usually commence.

[illegible] 22d May, [illegible] which took place on the 7th of April, [illegible] heights of Caracas, between the Colombian general Bolivar, and the Royalists [illegible] General Murgeon. The battle is said to have been very sanguinary, and the loss of the [illegible] cluding their chief, very considerable. The details are not given. The above are all the particulars noticed in the proclamation; but they [illegible] be relied on as official."

New Saddles.—Mr. S. Fletcher, of [illegible] Y. has taken out a patent for improvements [illegible] dles, and saddle straps, saddle girths, [illegible] cloths. The object is to render saddle [illegible] tic by attaching one end of the usual strap to a worm spring: when the body of the horse [illegible] tracts, the elasticity of the spring is [illegible] tempered so as to allow the strap to which it is attached to draw out in a small degree, by the application of a power or weight equal to twenty [illegible] thirty pounds; and its resistance is such, that [illegible] less than fifty or sixty pounds so suspended [illegible] closely compress it.

We learn, says the Baltimore Patriot, from [illegible] authentic source, that Gen. WILKINSON was in the city of Mexico in May last, where he meant to remain until November. He was received into the house of the Generalissimo *Iturbide,* and by [illegible] treated with great kindness. He had been a [illegible] for some days at St. Juan de Ulloa—[illegible] leased; and had nearly been drowned in [illegible] the shore. He had been for two years in a bad state of health, but was recovering. [illegible] land in Texas had been checked.

Politeness.—The Charleston papers say that [illegible] M'Duffie's pistol accidentally went off [illegible] One letter states that both gentlemen [illegible] with the utmost urbanity and composure; [illegible] letter asserts that they behaved with the [illegible] *coolness and politeness!* This reminds [illegible] Frenchman in the Play—"I shall shoot you, [illegible] sieur, with the high satisfaction and pleasure." The ball has been extracted from the wound, [illegible] the patient is in a fair way of recovery. A [illegible] ly meeting has taken place between the principals in the duel, since that affair took place.

Counterfeit Notes of the denomination of five dollars, on the Harrisburg bank, are in circulation, tolerably well executed. The one presented at the bank on the 20th inst. is dated May 14th, [illegible] payable to *H. Alward,* letter D. No. 3[illegible]1. The [illegible] is well imitated, varying somewhat in the [illegible] ing at the ends of the note, and that perceived only by close comparison. The most striking variance from the genuine note is in the date [illegible] number, (particularly in the figures) and signature of the Cashier. The paper of the counterfeit [illegible] of a deeper red and more glossy than that of the bank.

We have just received information that the hon. William Lowndes, on his return from Washington, was thrown out of the stage, and was seriously injured. He was conveyed in an easy carriage to his residence, and considerable doubts of his recovery entertained. He was, we understand, in [illegible] delicate health previous to the accident.

Since the above was in type, we learn that the honorable gentleman sailed from Charleston on the 17th inst, in the ship Empress, for England.

A passenger in the Independence, at Nantucket, from New Zealand, informs, that as soon as the two Chiefs, who went to England, returned they made war on the natives at the River Thames and killed numbers, and that several heads of the Chiefs were brought to the ship. The Missionaries proceed but slowly in their improvement of the natives, as the latter are taken up so much in their private concerns and quarrels. Mr. [illegible] and Fr. Hall are fine men and true Christians, and are beloved by all who visit the Bay of Islands.

Troops have been sent from Havana to reinforce the fortress of St. Juan de Ulloa, which was held by the Royalists.

Geneva, (N. Y.) June 19—A very shocking accident happened at Cashung on Saturday afternoon last. As the sons of Mr. Bruen and Mr. Thorn, both about 14 years old, were hunting squirrels, one passed between them when they were standing three rods apart. Thorn fired, and one shot entered Bruen's thigh, and another in the forehead, about one inch and a half above the right eye: he did not fall until he saw the blood flowing from the wound.

He was carried to Mr. John Dey's, and on Sunday evening Dr. Vanderburgh opened the head in search of the shot, and after clearing away the coagulated blood, found it had perforated the skull about the size of a small rifle ball, and on introducing the probe, to our utter astonishment, we saw it sink, almost by its own weight, five inches through the centre of the right lobe of the brain. A large piece of battered lead was extracted, by means of a small pair of slender bladed delicate forceps. He complained very little of pain, and had full possession of his senses.

He has been much more comfortable since the operation

Local Affairs.

CAUTION.—The public are cautioned to keep their doors locked, even in the day time, as there are a gang of depredators going about stealing Boots, Coats, &c. from the entries and front rooms.—The writer of this article had three pair of Boots carried off on Thursday morning, by a white man, of short stature, dressed in a blue roundabout, white pantaloons, and black hat. P.

We understand that the new works at Fair Mount, for the supply of the city with water, were tried on Thursday morning, the machinery put into operation, and succeeded to entire satisfaction.

The old building on Tinicum Creek below the Lazaretto, and known as the former residence of the first Swedish Governor, was burnt to the ground on Friday evening.—A considerable quantity of Wool that was stowed in the upper part was destroyed—the furniture belonging to a poor family who occupied the lower rooms was with difficulty saved. Prompt assistance was sent from the *North Carolina* 74, now at anchor abreast of the Island. The fire was occasioned by the foul pipe of the stove.

The letters by the Electra, capt. Robinson, were delivered in London on the 13th ultimo, and carried (by several days) the latest accounts from the United States.—She is expected back in the course of next month.

A genteel looking man, named Jones, who appears is an old offender, was detected on Saturday morning last, passing five dollar notes on the Harrisburg Bank. He had circulated a large quantity of them, before he was nabb'd, and [illegible] at his former lodgings in Walnut street.

A daring robbery was committed [illegible] night, at Yerkes's Hotel, in Market-st. [illegible] Red Lion. A Mr. Ford, who arrived [illegible] on that day from Baltimore, retired to his bed [illegible] in the third story, and forgetting to [illegible] pocket book under his pillow, went to bed; [illegible] morning his pocket book, together with his [illegible] were missing, and the chair on which [illegible] thrown the preceding night, was found in a different part of the house. The pocket book [illegible] ed bank notes to the amount of $1,5[illegible] with sundry notes of hand. A search was [illegible] ed but no discovery of the notes or the [illegible] made. A reward of $200 is offered.

The Evening Post.

PHILADELPHIA.

Saturday, June 29, 1822.

It having been agreed by the counsel acting in behalf of the two parties in the congregation of St. Mary's Church, to select General Thomas Cadwalader, as umpire, to decide which of the candidates for the trusteeship were elected, by receiving the signatures of all the pewholders belonging to said church, he accepted this testimony of public confidence, and has fulfilled its duties with that strict impartiality and liberal principle for which he is so eminently distinguished. The result of this investigation has been confirmatory of the choice of Messrs. John Leamy, John Ashly, John Dempsey, John Doyle, Patrick Connell, Joseph Dugan, Augustus Fagan and Joseph Strahan, as trustees for the ensuing year, there being, admitting the pews lately erected, a majority of sixty signatures in their favour. There is reason to hope that, after this candid appeal to the reason and good sense of the different individuals concerned, a spirit of fellowship will be reciprocated between them, which is so essentially necessary for the advancement of the benefits to be derived from Christian worship.

IRELAND.—The very great distress so generally prevalent throughout Ireland, at this time, seems to have excited the most heart-felt interest over the whole kingdom of Great-Britain, and measures have been devised, aided and abetted by many opulent houses, which are calculated to alleviate the sufferings of the Irish peasantry, and rescue them from the fatal shafts of the fell archer, whose meagre form threatened the depopulation of this hospitable but ill-fated country. To afford them relief, we know, there are those in our own land who would willingly part with their last shilling. Kindred and brethren, though seperated by the broad waves of the Atlantic, still feel and acknowledge the bonds which hold their heart's best wishes in unison with the happiness of a host of dear and near relatives who inhabit the social shores of the EMERALD ISLE. Nothing is wanting but an opportunity, and the ready hand will open to extend its might towards this half-famished and afflicted nation. Shall it be denied, when our fields and our ware-houses are filled with a superabundance of the good things of this world? We hope not.—Certain means to promote such a laudable desire can be devised without much difficulty—it is only for some public spirited citizen to give a start to the work of charity, and it is accomplished. Subscriptions have already commenced in New-York and Baltimore—Philadelphia must not be wanting.

On this subject the editor of the Irish Correspondent says, "like the balm of consolation to the wounded heart, the generous behaviour of the people of England to their miserable brethren, the suffering peasantry of the South of Ireland, continues to operate as a charm. Even vice and villainy have paused in their foul work; and such is the quiet and grateful stagnancy which has succeeded to a desperate and ferocious activity, that none were ever more unlike others, than the peasantry of the South are, in many places, to what they were themselves a few weeks ago. The suffering of the moment is comprised in this, that the poor have little or no food, and persons of property have little or no money, in those places where distress wears its most severe aspect.—The generous and ardent labours of the government have been unsparingly exerted; but the grand effusion of benevolence which has burst forth from the heart of the English nation, has flattered and soothed, as well as served, those who are its peculiar objects—and the anti-anglicism of a late period is gone, never, let us hope, to revive, to sully, and prejudice, and pernicious life. There is some consolatory intelligence communicated in our letters from the south. The appearance of the growing crop is of the most promising nature; there is a greater spread of early potatoes than ever was known before; and this crop is singularly and auspiciously advancing towards maturity."

A treaty of commerce and navigation has been entered into between our government and France, and was fully ratified and confirmed at Washington, on the 24th inst. by the President of the United States—a corrected copy of which was promised in the National Intelligencer of yesterday.

The Colombian armed brig President, Capt. Dieter, from a cruise, arrived at this port on Thursday, in distress, having been ashore on the Canaries, and had to throw part of her armament overboard.—She is last from St. Thomas.

Colonel Todd of Kentucky, who was deputed by the President, in 1820, as a diplomatic agent to the Republic of Colombia in South America, and whose conduct on that confidential mission was so satisfactory to both governments, has been in this city for some days. We understand that he will take passage in the United States ship John Adams, to sail in a short time from Norfolk, for the purpose of resuming his duties as the diplomatic representative of the United States in that interesting republic.

APPOINTMENT BY THE GOVERNOR.

Richard Spraegs, Jun Esq. auctioneer for the sale of household furniture, shipping and real estate.

CAUTION TO SHIP OWNERS.

We learn, says the New-York Gazette, from the best authority, that, about the 28th. of last month, freight was engaged in this city for a quantity of potashes for Liverpool. Some suspicious however appearing, induced the examination of the packages, which were ascertained to contain *cakes and tobacco*. Had this discovery not been made, the consequence to the ship are too well known to need comment.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The following novel case has been handed us for publication; any comments on it might possibly tend to excite feelings already suffering under the severe discipline inflicted at the moment when prudence had left her seat:

COMMONWEALTH, vs. JAMES STEWART. Piano Forte maker } IN THE MAYOR'S COURT, June 24th, 1822.

The Defendant was indicted for an assault and battery on Robert Smith, (carver) and upon his arraignment, submitted to the Court. It appeared in evidence that during the absence of the defendant from the city, the prosecuter had issued a summons against him, which was left at his house.—The defendant returned previous to the time of appearance, and during an adjournment of the cause met the prosecutor in the street, where, after some altercation, he pulled his nose. The Recorder in passing sentence, observed, that he regretted the course pursued by the defendant on the occasion, inasmuch as it was one calculated *to bring the prosecutor into disgrace*, and promote a more serious breach of the peace—therefore adjudged that the defendant pay a fine of fifty dollars, with the costs of prosecution.

Ship Albion.—Letters received yesterday by the Robert Fulton state, that Mr. Everhart, with the assistance of the mate, was about to draw up a narrative of the particulars of the loss of the *Albion*. Up to the 9th of May the weather had been so boisterous as to prevent all approach to the wreck. On that day it became calm, and the fishermen had succeeded since in saving all the specie except one keg.

MIRROR OF LIFE.

TO SHOW THE VERY AGE AND BODY OF THE TIMES, ITS FORM AND PRESSURE.

Two persons, one of them with a "Don" prefixed to his name; and both of them pretending to be agents from the South American governments, have been lately figuring off at Worcester, (Mass.) After running up pretty large scores at the houses where they lodged, they decamped, leaving Boniface minus in the whole of the reckoning.

Counterfeiter.—A gentleman, calling himself John M'Neal has been committed for trial at York, (Penn.) charged with "*amusing* himself by passing several counterfeit five dollar notes of the Bank of Harrisburg. The notes are stated to have been executed in a very *genteel* manner.

William W Woolsey, Esq. Treasurer of the American Bible society, received, during the month of May, $3086 45—and J. Nitchie, Esq. the Agent, has issued, during the same period, Bibles and Testaments to the value of $3194 56.

A bed of excellent Spanish Brown has been found on the lands of William Kirby, Esq. in Ticonderoga, Essex County, N. Y.

Distressing Occurrence.—On the 1st inst. while a congregation were met for religious purposes in a beach wood, Knox township, Ohio, a thunder gust came on about the close of the service by which an old tree was thrown down and a woman and child so bruised as to occasion their death within a short time thereafter. Several others were also considerably injured.

Kidnapping.—Thirty dollars reward are offered for the apprehension of one John Wetford, suspected of stealing a boy of 8 years of age, the son of a free man of color, residing in Frederick county, (Md.) Wetford is described as 5 feet 10 inches high, stout, and well made, pock-marked, a part of his nose bitten off, about 40 years of age, a great fighter, much inclined to stealing, and formerly in the Baltimore Penitentiary.

Intemperance.—It was stated in the annual report of society at Portland, some years ago, that out of 85 persons in the work house of that town, 71 were reduced to that condition in consequence of intemperance.

Francis Garcia, a Spaniard, has been convicted at Charleston of passing a counterfeit Dollar.—The following is the sentence of Judge Johnson: "*Garcia*, you are a bad fellow, and to keep you out of bad company, we send you to hard labor in jail for seven years."

The first number of new paper, entitled the ALBION, devoted to English and other foreign news, was published at New York on Saturday evening. It is said to be a large elegant paper, and well filled with interesting matter. It is to be published weekly.

An American brig has lately been captured on the coast of Ireland, with a cargo valued at ten thousand pounds sterling, suspected of an intention to smuggle.

Seven Hundred and thirty seven emigrants arrived at St. Johns last week, from Ireland. A part will settle in the United States.

A Mr. German, of Stroupstown, Penn. having been absent from his family several days, was found hanging to a tree by his neighbors, who had gone in search of him.

David Wray, is to be hung at Augusta, Geor. on the 1st of July, for killing his wife's mother.

Cherokees and Osages.—It is announced in the Arkansas Gazette, that the Osage tribe of Indians has agreed to terms of peace proposed by the Cherokee tribe, and that the latter has agreed to give up all the prisoners which had been taken.

The Arkansas.—It has been ascertained that this river presents no material obstructions to steam boat navigation as high up as Fort Smith, which is between 550 and 600 miles from its mouth; and it is believed that it may be navigated several hundred miles farther.

South America.—The President of the U. S. is stated to have tendered to *Cæsar A. Rodney*, Esq. a mission to one of the Republics of South America, and that Mr. R. who is now at Washington, has made choice of that of Buenos Ayres.

Spanish Claims.—The National Intelligencer states, that the Board of Commissioners on claims under the Spanish treaty have determined to receive the claims founded on contract.

The Baron Hyde de Neuville, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from France, has taken his leave of our government, and will shortly return home.

The Cadets under the command of Capt Patridge of Norwich, lately visited Concord, (N. H.) where they were cordially and heartily welcomed by the citizens of that place. They then proceeded to Hopkinton, were similar attentions were paid them; after which, they returned to Norwich by the way of Windsor.

A youth, from Salem, (Mass.) has been extensively engaged in committing thefts, and robbing stores in New-Hampshire. He was discovered in the woods last week, and $600 worth of watches and jewellery found upon him.

A meeting of the citizens of New-York was to be held on Thursday, for the purpose of adopting measures to raise contributions for the relief of the distresses of the inhabitants of the various parts of Ireland, now suffering from famine.

A fellow named John [illegible], has been convicted at Baltimore, for kidnapping a negro boy, and sentenced to ten years imprisonment.

Colonel [illegible], who is said to enjoy the confidence of the [illegible] Iturbide, has arrived at Baltimore from Mexico. A letter to the editor of the Baltimore Patriot says his object is to purchase, equip and man certain vessels of war for the service of his government.

The blacks of South Carolina, have lately manifested a disposition to revolt, and some preparations were made by the plantation negroes to attempt to take the city of Charleston. But prompt measures were taken to repel an attack and the fears of an insurrection are now dissipated.

The directors of the Bangor Bank state, that their losses by the recent failures in Boston are not so great as was at first apprehended, and that they are using every exertion in their power to convert their debts into cash, and hope to be able to resume specie payments *in a few months*.

A stranger, apparently about 35 or 40 years old, was found suspended by a cord from a pine tree, in Lebanon, N. H. last week. There was a large sore almost round his ankle, and a scar on his right; but he had neither pockets or papers, nor was there "any mark, sign, or trace," by which his name or residence could be discovered.

CAUTION.—It should be generally known that atmospheric air, when suddenly compressed to a certain degree, becomes sufficiently heated to set fire to gunpowder; and therefore in loading a gun, the ball should be driven so slowly as to allow the escape of the air contained in the barrel. It is probable that almost all the accidental discharges of guns, which occur in the act of loading, arise from a sudden and violent compression of the air.

Mr. Elihu Sexton, of Chenango, a short time since, whilst in the act of loading his rifle, experienced some difficulty, from the elasticity of the air, in forcing down the ball, to overcome which, he made a sudden and violent effort, by which his gun was instantly discharged, the lock remaining unaltered. One of his hands was severely lacerated, whilst the charge including the ramrod, was driven through the other wrist.

From the Auburn Patriot, June 19.

TORNADO.—A violent tornado was experienced in the town of Groton, Tompkins co. on the 11th inst. sweeping (in a very narrow range,) for about five miles, houses, barns, trees and fences. Four houses and two or three barns were blown down.

The Rev. Mr. Chamberlin was so badly injured in the house of Mr. Berry, that he expired the next day; and two women, names not known by our informant, were injured by the falling of houses, and their recovery considered hopeless.

SOLEMN WARNING.—On the evening of the 25th ult. a man by the name of William Clark, from Pittsburg, was killed by a stroke of lightning on the bluff in front of Natchez, (Miss.) while standing under a tree for shelter. This unhappy man had just been indulging in the most extreme profanity, insulting the majesty of Heaven in terms of wanton malignity, and amongst other dreadful expressions had just expressed a wish that the Almighty God would send a flash of lightning from Heaven to strike him to death. The thunder at this moment was raving and the lightning flashing through the Heavens, in the most appalling and terrific manner, and in a few moments the boasting tongue which breathed anathemas against its Maker, and the eye that had braved the evening flash, lay still and closed in death. He lay a scathed and withered corpse on the blackened earth; and his soul was wafted on the red wing of the tempest, to plead for mercy at the tribunal of the Deity, so lately outraged and defied. How weak and how wicked are the idle denunciations of man; to revile, to outrage his fellow man is wicked—to outrage, and to defy his Creator, is horrible.

The tucks in the gown of a young lady, says the Charleston Courier, (for all are young who wear them) are sweet little ladders of love, for him to climb up and be happy. The more numerous they are the loftier the aim, and the more ambitious the pursuit. As the truant and neat shrouds of a vessel indicate her readiness for sea, while a dismantled hull marks the period of uselessness and of repose, so the tucks on a gown indicate the youth, gaiety and elasticity of the wearer—while she who has no tucks in her gown, and has of course worn them all out, may as well be laid up in ordinary.

The Saturday Mails.

POLICE.—It is said to be a fair calculation that somebody is robbed at the Circus every night; and as for the Hook, a judicious magistrate of the police remarked not long since, that let a man go to the Hook, and stay all night, it being known that he had money, and he would not warrant his life till morning for 500 dollars. Countrymen fare the worst; with the vanity of display, and the perverted ambition of carrying with them some evidence of consideration, they are sure to take along all the cash they have, and then are about as sure of being fleeced of it before they come away.

Four or five nights since, a lumberman from the North River, was adroitly robbed of 170 dollars in bills, by a girl, while he stood talking with her a few minutes on the side walk. The money was in his pocket book in a breast pocket, under the left arm. His dulcinea took her station on his right, partly in front of him, and discovering the ends of the bills rising above the top of the pocket book, contrived to beguile him with caresses and small talk, till she had slily drawn out the whole; pretending then, that she must run down street a few rods, but would be back in a moment; she disappeared with all her booty. The poor fellow to his infinite amazement and chagrin, discovered his loss about ten minutes after, on drawing his pocket book to make change, and had the fiend arrested; every dollar of his money, however, was gone past;—she goes to the state prison, and he goes home to Saratoga with a heavy story to tell, as a set off with his country farmers for their boards.

A black fellow was fully committed last week on a charge of committing a rape on a girl of eleven years of age, the daughter of a man living in Vandewater-street. The little sufferer, with horror and shame, was constrained to divulge the deed to her father, who forthwith had him arrested and secured, to meet the sentence of the law at the approaching General Sessions.

Ten or a dozen of those thieving boys, who enter, and rummage houses under pretence of some errand which they trump up, have been sentenced within a few days, and sent to Bridewell.

The execution of the salutary act to clear the streets of common beggars, and vagrants, resulted, on the last excursion of the officers in bringing up sixteen of all ages and countries. Those who have not obtained a residence are sent to their homes, and the others along with the boys, mostly put to work in the Pin Factory; some in the Penitentiary.—*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

Attempt to Murder.—On Sunday last, Henry Williams, a convict in the State prison, attempted to cut the throat of Hiram Maxwell, another convict, with a shoe knife. It penetrated under the right eye, and although there was a number of witnesses to the transaction, no effort was made to prevent Williams from effecting his murderous intention; in which, however, he did not succeed, although he stabbed Maxwell in eighteen different places. Only one of the wounds is considered dangerous. The true cause of this outrageous proceeding is not known.

[illegible]

NEW PLAY.—On Monday evening, will be presented at the Tivoli Theatre, a new drama, from the pen of a young gentleman of this city, entitled *The Legend of Montrose, or the Highland Seer*, taken from the third series of the Tales of my Landlord. As it is the production of a native American, we hope it may prove worthy of a claim to the cheering patronage of a liberal and discerning public. O.

DRAMATIC SUMMARY.

TIVOLI THEATRE.—The performances offered for this evening are the Patriotic Melo Drama, of the Grecian Captive, or the Fall of Athens, after which the Comic Recitation of the Drunken Cobbler. A number of new pieces in rehearsal, which will speedily be brought forward.

BALTIMORE.—Mr. Cooper concluded his performances on Monday last. On Wednesday, the new popular drama of the Pirate, for the first time, and the Wandering Boys, or the Castle of Olival, were produced for the benefit of Mr. Warren.—Mr. and Mrs H. Wallack were to take their benefit last evening, with the first representation here of the tragedy of Damon & Pythias, or the Test of Friendship. Rob Roy and Blue Beard was announced for the benefit of Mr. and Mrs. Burke this evening; Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson's benefit on Monday. The season closes on Wednesday evening next.

RICHMOND, (Va.)—The Richmond season has commenced, and Mr. Philipps lately made a very successful engagement—his benefit was crowded. Mr. Cooper left Baltimore for the same destination, and was to perform there on Friday. Mr. Hilson, the comedian, is also engaged for a few nights.

NEW-YORK.—At the Circus, on Monday evening, Mrs. Williams, the celebrated Female Equestrian, made her appearance, and went through a variety of feats to the gratification of a numerous audience. Mrs. Monier's benefit took place on Wednesday, on which occasion, in addition to the attractions of the other performances, Miss M'Manus sung the Echo Song, &c. Bellmont, the young American Clown, was to take his benefit last evening. Mr. West and his company, it was expected, would shortly return to Boston.

At the Theatre, which was to close next week for the season, Messrs Labasse and Tatin performed on Thursday evening, in the grand ballet of the Siege of Tripoli, or Valour Triumphant. Last evening, was announced the second representation of the drama of the Grecian Captive, or the Fall of Athens, after which, for the last time, the grand ballet of action of La Belle Peruvienne. This evening, the Robbers, and the Siege of Tripoli, being the last night of the engagement of Monsieurs Labasse and Tatin. On Monday, for the first time, the Grand Ballet of the Deserter of Naples, as performed at the Operas in Europe, with unbounded applause, for the benefit of Mons. Labasse.

AUGUSTA, Geo.—The management of the theatre at this place has fallen into the hands of Mr. Hewitt, from whose enterprise and industry much may be expected. It is said he intends organizing an entire new company—and will proceed to the northern cities to make his engagements.

FOREIGN.—Rossini, the celebrated musical composer, lately made his first appearance before the Court of Vienna, in his opera of Zelmire which is said to be his *chef d'œuvre*. The music was applauded, but did not produce the enthusiasm which it excited at Naples.

Public Sale Report.

J. and W. LIPPINCOTTS & CO. Auctioneers.

TEAS THOMAS SCATTERGOOD'S CARGO.
June 19, 1822.—[*Terms 6 months.*]

YOUNG HYSON—207 chests,	86 a 87½	lb.
654 do.	84 a 85½	—
415 do.	82 a 84½	—
230 ½ do.	87 a 87½	—
GUN POWDER—33 chests,	1,15 a 1,16	—
81 ½ do.	1,15 a 1,16	—
IMPERIAL—6 chests, 107 ½ do.	1,15	—
HYSON—115 10 catty boxes,	95	—

From June 22d, to 28th, 1822.
[Terms—$200 to 750, 60 days; 750 to 2000, 90; upwards, 4 months.]

SUGAR—30 hhds. St. Croix,	12,20 a 12,60	cwt.
27 bbls. Porto Rico,	9,15	—
3 hhds. do.	8,75 a 8,95	—
58 do. Muscovado,	10,25 a 11 50	—
10 bbls. do.	10,25 a 11,50	—
9 do. do.	10,30	—
16 do. Havana,	8,50 a 9,40	—
RAISINS—113 boxes Muscatell,	2 15 a 2,50	box.
15 do. Bloom,	2,00 a 2,05	—
8 kegs Malaga,	7,00	keg.
LOGWOOD—10 tons,	36,00 a 36 50	ton
GINGER—82 kegs Ground,	4	lb.
VINEGAR—20 bbls.	3,40 a 3,50	bbl
TWINE—9 bundles (Seine)	20 a 25	lb.
WINE—130 boxes Claret, (in bottles)	3 00	box.
MUSTARD—7 box. London, (6 doz. ea.)	1,10	doz.
LIQUORS—5 pipes Bordeaux Brandy,	1,25	gal.
1 hhd. Jamaica Rum,	82	—
14 do. Antigua,	40 a 60	—
TOBACCO—5 kegs Manufactured,	10	lb.
26 hhd. Kentucky,	2,25 a 4 50	cwt.
88 seroons St. Domingo,	26 a .6½	lb.

William Hewson,

HAS removed from No. 5½ to No. 60 NORTH SECOND STREET, where he has on hand a choice assortment of *DRY GOODS*, which he will dispose of very reasonably.

june 29—6t

SILVEIRA & BROWNE,

WOOLEN DRAPERS AND TAILORS, No. 83, South Second Street, between Norris's and Gray's Alleys, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have now on hand a handsome assortment of superfine Black and Blue Cloths, with a variety of other fashionable colours; a fine assortment of Cassimeres and Vestings of the latest fashion; together with Drillings, Stripes, &c. Any of the above will be made to order on the most reasonable terms, and as they are provided with the best workmen, they flatter themselves they will be able to give satisfaction to those who may favour them with their custom.

may 11—tf

Impediments of Speech.

W. CHAPMAN, No. 187, Pine Street, Philadelphia, having cured himself and four gentlemen, of whom he can show the most satisfactory certificates and give reference to, is desirous of extending the like benefit to all persons troubled with Stuttering or Stammering.

It is particularly requested that applications will only be made between the hours of 6 and 7 in the morning and the same hours in the evening.

All letters must be post paid. may 11—tf

THE SUBSCRIBER

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand at his Manufactory, No. 43 *South Front street*, a large assortment of BASS SIDE DRUMS, TAMBOURINES, &c. which he will dispose of on the most moderate terms. THOMAS YOUNG.

feb 2—tf

Hamilton Village Inn.

ROBERT SHAW, Victualler, respectfully informs his friends and the public, and brother Victuallers, that he has taken the above Establishment for the accommodation of those who may honour him with their custom. Good and sufficient Sheds for Horses, together with Pens for Sheep, and accommodations for Drovers, Farmers, Waggoners, &c. nov. 17—tf

MARRIED.

On Thursday evening, by the [illegible] Mr. ISAAC WAMPOLE, [illegible] to Miss ROSE GRAFF, daughter of [illegible] all of this city.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. [illegible] Mr. BENJAMIN P. JOHNSON, to Miss [illegible] daughter of the late Jacob Wiltberger, [illegible] this city.

On the 9th of May, by the Rev. Dr. [illegible] Mr. SAMUEL WILLIAMS, to Miss [illegible]RAH WILLIAMSON, both of this city.

At Belle Air, near Wilmington, Del. on [illegible] inst. by the Rev. Dr. Read, Mr. J. B. HA[illegible] Merchant, to Miss CAROLINE E. GIRARD [illegible] of this city.

At Reading, Pa. by the Rev. Mr. Muhlenberg, Mr. SAMUEL STYERS, one of the Editors of the [illegible] Chronicle, to Miss MARY CHRISTINE [illegible] that place.

DIED.

On Monday morning, Mr. JAMES [illegible] Engraver, aged 33.

On Sunday morning, Mrs. ELIZABETH [illegible] consort of George Rees, aged 53.

On Thursday, Mrs. ANN CHURCHILL, [illegible] of Stephen Churchill.

In this city, on the 13th inst. Mrs. CAROLINE [illegible] B. WRIGHT, widow of James Wright, Esq. [illegible] South Carolina.

At Wilmington, Del. on the 18th inst. A[illegible] FERRIS, wife of John Ferris—she was a [illegible] Speaker of the Society of Friends.

ALMANAC.

1822. JUNE.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	High Water	Moon's Phases.
29 Saturday,	4 36	7 24	10 3	[illegible]
30 Sunday,	4 36	7 24	11 23	[illegible]
1 Monday,	4 35	7 24	0 16	[illegible]
2 Tuesday,	4 36	7 24	0 29	[illegible]
3 Wednesday,	4 36	7 24	1 22	[illegible]
4 Thursday,	4 37	7 23	2 4	[illegible]
5 Friday,	4 37	7 23	2 40	[illegible]

TIVOLI THEATRE.

Near the Centre Square, Market street.

This Evening, June 29th, will be presented the Patriotic Melo Drama, called the

Grecian Captive, or the fall of Athens.

After which Mr. Mestayer will give the Comic Recitation of

THE DRUNKEN COBBLER.

A stated meeting of the Pythagorean Literary Association will be held on Monday evening next, at 8 o'clock, at the usual place. Punctual attendance is requested, as the semi-annual election for officers will take place.

june 29 JOHN MATHIAS, Sec'ry [illegible]

A Watch—Supposed to have been stolen.

ON the night of the 6th inst. a man shabbily attired, entered the shop of the subscriber, and demanded of him, whether he wished to purchase a watch, to which he was answered in the affirmative. The watch was shown to him, but not being a judge of them, he requested the man to wait until he ran to a neighbours to ascertain its quality. When he returned, the man (who he was told appeared very uneasy during his absence,) was gone. The subscriber supposes the watch to have been stolen, and that the seller, fearing detection, decamped. The owner, by proving property, and paying for this advertisement, may have it again.

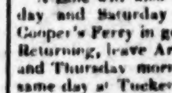
WILLIAM LEE.

june 29—3t No. 39 [illegible] street.

SEA BATHING.

Tuckerton and Philadelphia Stages,

OLD LINE.



WILL commence running through the route in a day, on the 1st of July next, twice a week, as follows—Leaves Tuckerton every Monday and Thursday, about sunrise; and arrive at Camden in good time to cross to the City the same days. Returning, leaves Fish's Ferry, south side of Market street, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at sunrise, and arrives about sunset, same days, at Tuckerton; where are good accommodations for Travellers. Passage through the Route $2.50, and the usual allowance of Baggage.

A Line will also leave Tuckerton every Tuesday and Saturday about sunrise, and arrive at Cooper's Ferry in good time to cross to the City. Returning, leave Arch Street Ferry every Monday and Thursday morning, and arrive about sunset same day at Tuckerton. Passage through $2.50. Usual allowance of Baggage.

For Seats, apply at Fish's Ferry, or at Arch Street Ferry.

ISAAC JENKINS,
JOHN MULLINER,
THOMAS WILLIS,
CORNELIUS KELLY.

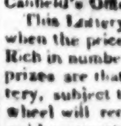
Tuckerton, N. J. June 26, 1822. [29—6t

Journeymen Cabinet Makers.

TWO Young Men of steady habits and proficients in their business, can be regularly employed if immediate application is made. Enquire at the office of the Saturday Evening Post.

june 29—3t

AT PRIVATE SALE.



The Country Residence formerly belonging to Charles Biddle, Esq. containing about 30 acres of land, the buildings new and stone—the situation is very elevated and delightful, commanding an extensive view of a thickly settled country. The said estate is in Montgomery county, about 12 miles from the city, near the middle road leading to Newtown. 30 or 40 acres, with a small tenement thereon, can be had in addition, if required. The terms of payment will be made very easy.

Comly & Tevis,

June 29—4t Auctioneers.

P. Canfield's Official Prize List.

EIGHTEENTH drawing Union Canal Lottery, 10th Class.

Nos. 1031, a prize of	$500
*10151,	100
4053,	50
*19452, *16262, 16071, 9512, 3100,	20

* All (as usual) sold at Fortune's Home, P. Canfield's Office, 127, Chesnut street.

This Lottery will draw again on Tuesday next, when the price of tickets advance from $7 to $8. Rich in number and splendid in magnitude, as the prizes are that now float in the wheel of this Lottery, subject to be drawn every drawing, yet the wheel will receive a considerable addition to its golden attractions in the capital of TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS, which will be deposited therein in a few more drawings.

For sale, in a variety of choice numbers, at Fortunes Home,

P. Canfield's

Pennsylvania State Lottery Office, No. 127, Chesnut street, nearly opposite and between the Post Office and the U. S. Bank.

Where continues to be sold the capital prizes in this Lottery, and the cash advanced immediately for the same. june 29—1t

THE SATURDAY MAGAZINE.

PUBLISHED by E. LITTELL, No. 74 South Second Street, Philadelphia; and by R. NORRIS HENRY, No. 97 Pearl Street, New York. CONTENTS.—*Miscellany*—The Parisian Mirror, Letters from Paris; Who would be an old Bachelor? Knitting and weaving Stockings; Indian Lotos, or Lily of the East; [illegible] Superstition of the Death Bell; [illegible] his Wine Merchant; Sir Richard [illegible] trasts; Turkish Politeness,—[illegible] and the Fly.

[illegible]

[illegible]N—No. 11.

[illegible] of the extravagance, in [illegible] the country, and [illegible] ... he will fill my life for my country." ... he was sentenced to death— ... By this measure no [illegible]

[illegible] the Duke of Marlborough [illegible] were found nearly starved to death, [illegible] They had been [illegible] When the commander [illegible] if he did not know that the [illegible] he answered, yes—Why did [illegible] Because I had no [illegible]

[illegible] while Governor Clinton [illegible] anxiously watching the [illegible] his guards fell in with, and [illegible] who were going with intelligence [illegible] to Burgoyne. One of these [illegible] of the instructions; but Governor [illegible] given to understand that he [illegible] letter, with which he had been [illegible] Burgoyne.—The Governor immediately [illegible] of Tartar emetic to be administer[illegible] operation of which brought up a [illegible] bullet, in which was inclosed the [illegible]

[illegible] Baillie.—In days of [illegible] Waverly's time, sixty years [illegible] of the Baillie from the worthy [illegible] Peebles, happened to dine at a [illegible] in London—" the majesty of [illegible] was given as a toast from the [illegible] The honest Baillie, whose ears had [illegible] the sound greedily, though some[illegible] distinctly, being at some distance [illegible] the seat of affairs, rose, and, with [illegible] apologies for his want of oratory, [illegible] a long trembling preamble, begged [illegible] to return his thanks to the company [illegible] the polite and handsome manner in which the "magistrates of Peebles," with whom he had the honor of being connect[illegible] had been taken notice of.

A gentleman having some business to transact on board of a man of war, heard a [illegible] dispute between five Irishmen [illegible] their mess, who wanted one out: [illegible] it was resolved to settle it by a [illegible] rule, and thus decided—Take Dennis from Morris you can't, but Paddy from Murphy there remains Teague—' Teague [illegible] out of the mess.'

Yankee Clown.—In one of the Courts of [illegible] Massachusetts, some 16 or 20 years [illegible] young fellow of the age of 18, was [illegible] court as a witness for the plaintiff [illegible] defendant arose and objected to [illegible] as a witness, "for (said he,) [illegible] know enough to understand the nature of an oath; therefore ought not to be allowed [illegible] evidence in this court—and to convince you, [illegible] that this is the case, I will ask him a [illegible] questions." He then turned to the young fellow [illegible] "who made you?" To which the [illegible] readily replied "I don't know; I spose [illegible]" "His answer, gentlemen, I think is [illegible] to convince you, that what I have said [illegible] him is true, without any further evi[illegible] and sat down again. The young fellow [illegible] began to scratch his head, and feel [illegible] ashamed that he should be thus taken [illegible] and begged leave of the court to ask the gen[illegible] who had just interrogated him, a few [illegible]—"Who made you, sir?"—To carry the [illegible] still farther upon the awkward lad, he re[illegible] "I don't know; spose 'twas Aaron." "Well, (says the fellow,) we read in the good Book, that Aaron made a *Calf*; but *I did'nt know the darn'd* [illegible] *had got here.*"

Shot is made in any quantity at Herculaneum, [illegible] below St. Louis, Missouri, at about two [illegible] above the price of lead, which is five cents a pound, and of a quality so superior to the English that it regularly commands a cent more in the [illegible] in the New Orleans market. At Herculaneum there are towers not made by hands of men, but of perpendicular rock, from 100 to 300 feet [illegible] the margin of the Mississippi, from the top of which the melted led is poured, and taken up in [illegible] at the water's edge, and conveyed in boats [illegible] it is wanted.

[illegible] Kettle.—The following is related as [illegible] There is a very large cauldron in a house [illegible] Paris, which is called 'La Marmite Perpetuelle,' [illegible] having been on the fire 87 years, during which time it has boiled 300 000 capons; and it has boiled nothing else. It is situate near the principal market for fowls, which have thus only a [illegible] to be carried from the market into the cauldron. At any hour, night or day, on applying to that [illegible] house, a boiled capon issues from the [illegible] gulf, where they are incessantly [illegible] in a wonderful manner.

[illegible] Courage.—An old officer of distinction, [illegible] valor, refused to accept a challenge [illegible] by a young adventurer; but returned the [illegible]—I fear not your sword, but the [illegible]—I dare venture my life in a good [illegible] but cannot hazard my soul in a bad one; I [illegible] to the cannon's mouth for the good [illegible] but I want courage to storm hell."

[illegible]

JAMES S. WOOD,

[illegible] (Over the [illegible], Philadelphia,)

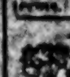
MANUFACTURES and keeps constantly on hand, the Patent Wheat Fans, and the old Dutch Fans; [illegible] Fans for cleaning Coffee and Rice, and all other Grain.

CUTTING BOXES, of a superior kind, may be had as above, and others of all sorts and sizes.

FARMING UTENSILS, of every description, [illegible] at reasonable prices.

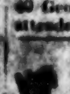
Orders for Shipping, or other purposes, will be supplied at the shortest notice, on moderate terms. feb 23—tf

ALEXANDER PARKER,



RESPECTFULLY acquaints the public, that he has a general assortment of the first quality Garden and Flower Seeds for sale, at the MOYAMENSING BOTANIC GARDEN, Prime street, Love lane, near Eleventh street. Also, a large collection of Green House and Hardy Plants, Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, with a fine selection of Bulbous Roots. Orders, per post, or left at No. 40 George street, Southwark, will be punctually attended to. march 23—tf

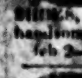
THE SUBSCRIBER



OFFERS for sale, at his Manufactory, No. 38 Carter's Alley, a few doors from Third st. directly opposite Girard's Bank, an extensive supply of BOOTS and SHOES, of various kinds and qualities. Also, a handsome assortment of Eastern Shoes.

feb 2—tf JOSEPH COGGINS.

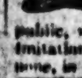
HAT STORE,



NO. 24 NORTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia.

C. P. WILLMARTH offers to the public, whose patronage he solicits, Water-Proof Imitation Beaver Hats, which are surpassed by none, in cheapness and durability. oct 27—tf

JOHN M'CLOUD, 46 Market street,



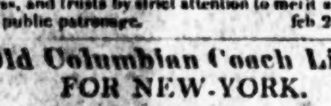
Keeps constantly on hand, a large and general assortment of Ready made HATS, which he will sell at very reduced prices. Customers supplied at a short notice, on reasonable terms. feb 2—tf

JAMES BIRD,

BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,

NO. 25 North Tenth street, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the Boot and Shoemaking business, and trusts by strict attention to merit a share of public patronage. feb 2—tf

Old Columbian Coach Line, FOR NEW-YORK.



Through in Twelve Hours.

VIA Bordentown and South Amboy, and only 30 miles land carriage, over a gravel turnpike. First line leaves the upper side of Market street wharf, every morning, at 6 o'clock, and arrives in New-York by steam boat Olive Branch, at six o'clock same evening. Breakfast and dine on board Fare only $4

Second line leaves the same wharf every day, (Sundays excepted) at 12 o'clock. Take coach at Bordentown, proceed to Perry's Hotel, South Amboy, where they lodge, and from thence by steam boat to New-York, where they arrive at 10 o'clock next morning. Fare only $2 50.

This line is inferior to none between the two cities as the coaches are all new, good horses with careful drivers. The proprietors therefore solicit a share of public patronage.

For seats apply at Yohe's Hotel, North Fourth street, C. Bailey, U. S. Mail and Citizens Coach Office, No. 30, south Third street, and at the steam boat office, No. 3 Market street.

John Bowman,
Joseph E. Fisher, } AGENTS FOR

Chester Bailey, Wm. Arnel & Co.

[illegible] PROPRIETORS.

FULLERS' BOARDS.

A FRESH supply of a superior quality, just received by BENNETT & WALTON,

6 mo 22—tf No. 37 Market street.

COPYING PRESSES.

COPYING PRESSES, of various sizes, with Screws or Rollers, made by the Subscriber. The greatest objection to these Presses formerly was the high price, and their liability to get out of order—this has been remedied by making them on cheap and simple principles. The Screw Press will be found useful for a variety of purposes as well as copying, the upper and under surfaces being of Cast Iron, and turned perfectly even, may be used in taking impressions from Drawings, Type, &c. and as a Seal Press. They will be sold cheaper than those imported, and wrought iron is substituted instead of cast, where they are likely to break. They will be warranted and may be returned if they do not give satisfaction.

ADAM RAMAGE,
Library street.

Two English made Presses for sale cheap —Copying Presses repaired and put in order june 15

To Printers.

A FONT of Long Primer, which is not half worn, and a font of Great Primer, as good as new, may be had on very reasonable terms, for cash, if early application is made at the office of the Saturday Evening Post. June 22—3t

THE BUSINESS

FORMERLY conducted by T. W. LEVERING, deceased, Bell Caster, Brass Founder, Bell Hanger and Lock-smith, is still continued at the old established stand, No. 79 SOUTH FIFTH STREET—a capable person engaged, Casts and Hangs Church, Turret, and Ship Bells, on reasonable terms. House Bells, in town or country, neatly hung, Locks, Jacks, and all sorts of Brass Furniture, neatly repaired. Keys fitted to Locks, and Locks picked at the shortest notice.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited feb 2—tf

E. C. BREEDIN,

ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Harper's Ferry, Virginia, practices in the Courts of Jefferson, Berkley, Frederick and Loudoun Counties; and in the High Court of Chancery, for the Winchester District.

He also attends the Bars of Hagers-Town, Maryland, and Chambersburg, Pennsylvania, Common Pleas and Supreme Courts.

June 15—tf

Mrs. Shallus's Circulating Library,

No 94 SOUTH THIRD STREET.

MRS S. informs her friends and the public in general, that she continues her establishment at No. 94 South Third street, where may be had, all the latest English and American publications.

In consequence of the present scarcity of money, all subscriptions commenced after the first of February, [illegible] will be at $5 per year, $2 75 for 6 months, and $1 50 per quarter—Payable in advance.

N. B. Catalogues of the Library are just published, in which are included all the works.

feb 22—tf

S. PAGE & SON,

BROKERS, SCRIVENERS AND ACCOUNTANTS, No. 8, South Fifth [illegible] Persons having money to put out at interest, may be accommodated with a variety of property in the city or county—also, bills, bonds, and notes of hand discounted at their office, where Real Estate of every description, Mortgages, Military Lands, Stock and Ground Rents, are bought and sold on Commission. Naturalization Papers for Aliens drawn; Pensions secured; Mechanics' Books posted; Insolvents' Petitions drawn, and their business attended to throughout; Writings of all kinds correctly executed; Money always to be had on good security; and generally in the performance of all duties or services, wherein the aid of an agent or attorney, may be convenient or useful.

N. B. A Register of Real Estate, &c. kept open for inspection and insertion. Fifty cents charge for on entry. June 8—tf

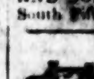
VALUABLE STABLES.

FOR Sale or to Let, a range of Stables and Lot of Ground, on which the same is erected, containing 54 feet front and 70 feet deep, situate on the north side of Gaskill Street, between Fourth and Fifth Streets, containing Stalls sufficient for 40 Horses, with Sheds attached thereto and Hay Lofts attached to the same, all in good repair. For further particulars, apply at the office of S. PAGE & SON, Brokers and Conveyancers, No. 8, South Fifth Street. june 15—3t

Bristol Property—for Sale,

AN Elegant Country Retreat, situate on the Banks of the Delaware, in the Borough of Bristol, a short distance above the Steam Boat Wharf. The lot is 130 feet front on the New-York Road, and in depth on the Delaware 227 feet, with a large two story Brick House, three rooms on the first floor, and four well finished rooms on the second floor, with a well finished Kitchen adjoining. Also, on the premises, a large Stable and Coach House, and a good Kitchen Garden, and a select quantity of Fruit Trees of every description. An indisputable title and immediate possession can be given. For further particulars, apply at the office of S. PAGE AND SON, Brokers and Conveyancers, No. 8, South Fifth Street. june 15—3t

TO LET,



A two story House in Sixth street, on the west side, first above the Millpond Bridge, containing two rooms on each floor, with two garrets, (one of which is plastered,) two good dry cellars, and a pump of excellent water at the door, in a healthy pleasant situation, one mile and a half from the city, opposite the Phœnix tavern.—Enquire on the premises, or of Mr. Esherick, No. 9 North Fifth street. april 13—tf

John and Thomas Cluley,

WIRE FENDER and CAGE MAKERS, No 17 South Fourth street, next door to the Indian Queen, manufacture all articles in the Wire line on reasonable terms. Orders from any part of the U. States promptly attended to. feb 2—tf

BENJAMIN RICHARDSON,

LATE from Sheffield, File Manufacturer and Cutler, No. 77 SOUTH SECOND STREET, has commenced manufacturing Files, Table Knives and Forks, Razors of the first quality, warranted for use, Scissors made to order or pattern. Cutlery, of every description, ground, polished and repaired in the best manner, and at the shortest notice. Blades, of the best cast steel, put in Penknive handles, and warranted good; Table knives and forks repaired, either with new blades or handles; Old Files re cut and made as new.

oct 6—tf

MECHANICAL WONDER.

THE citizens of Philadelphia went in crowds to see the Mechanical Museum when it was exhibited here, and more recently to the famous Androides of Mr Haddock, and willingly paid for their admission; and hundreds travelled to Chesnut Hill and gave their dollar to see the ingenious contrivance of Redheffer. Who has not heard of the automaton, that could play chess, and of the other which was made to articulate words? both so celebrated in Europe. And who would not give a half eagle to see them? but all these wonders are surpassed by a piece of Mechanism now in this city, which is far more curious, splendid and surprising than any that have been exhibited for money.

This wonderful specimen of art consists in a beautiful golden bird, wrought to the life, and covered with brilliant plumage richly imitated in enamel. The beholder first sees only a superb box of gold and precious stones, ornamented with exquisite enamel painting; from this box the bird rises, and moving his head and wings in the most natural manner, he chirps his salutation and then pours out a song as rich in melody as that of the sweetest among the feathered choir, and after entertaining the auditor with this delightful music, vanishes suddenly from sight, leaving the spectator wrapt in pleasing astonishment. And how much does it cost to see this prodigy? The best of all is, it is shown freely without cost or charge, to all those whose good fortune leads them to purchase lottery tickets, halves or quarters, at

Gibbs' Lucky Office,

No. 44, South Third Street, Philadelphia.

N. B. It is reported that this elegant production was purchased at a large price by a subscription raised among a number of respectable mechanics, and presented by them to its present owner, in token of their acknowledgment of the great advantage they have found in purchasing their lottery tickets at his truly lucky office

june 15—tf

MRS. MYRING,

RESPECTFULLY informs her friends and the public, that she has taken that elegant Country Residence in Frankford, formerly the property of Mr. Robert Smith, and now belonging to Thomas Leiper, Esq for the purpose of accommodating BOARDERS, for the Summer season, or by the year. The known healthfulness and beauty of the situation, the excellence of the water and other advantages which it possesses, renders a further description unnecessary.

N. B. The Gate near the Hay-Scales in Frankford, leads to the place june 15—tf

Schuylkill Navigation Inn.

THE Subscriber, thankful for past favours, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has made the best arrangements for their accommodation, at his establishment on High street, at the N E corner of Schuylkill Third street, by the addition of a very commodious room, &c. He will have constantly on hand, a stock of the choicest Liquors, and hopes, by his attention to those who may favour him with their custom, to merit a share of patronage and support.

THOMAS GARNER.

june 15—tf

CLOCK & WATCH MAKING.

SAMUEL HUCKEL, Clock and Watch Maker, No. 38, South Street, a few doors above Front Street, has for sale, Clocks and Watches, Chains, Seals and Keys, Jewellery, &c. &c.

, Clocks and Watches carefully repaired and warranted. april 20—6m

TRAP BALL.

THIS entertaining game and pleasing exercise may be enjoyed every Monday afternoon, at the "Traveller's Rest," in Broad street, between Chesnut and Walnut. Traps, Bats and Balls may be had [illegible] company at any time. Refreshments of the first quality at the Bar.

[illegible] TRAVELLER.

may 25—tf

A. ATKINSON'S SUPERIOR PATENT SPRING RIDING SADDLES AND PATENT LAPORTE BRIDLES, &c.

HAVING purchased of JOHN J. MORRIS, of the city of New-York, the sale and [illegible] using and vending his newly invented SPRING SEAT and SPRING POINTED SADDLES within the city and county of Philadelphia, offers them for Sale,

AT HIS SADDLE & HARNESS MANUFACTORY, No. 5 North Fifth street.

Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and see the principle on which they are constructed. Nearly two years' trial of the above Saddles in New York, has rendered comments unnecessary. [illegible] fident of their utility he offers them to the public, that they may decide on their superiority.

The Laporte Bridles are constructed in such a manner as to curb the most vicious Horse without injuring him, and with perfect ease and safety to the rider. They are well adapted for Ladies, and persons not in the practice of riding, as it gives them full power over their Horses in cases of fright. They can also be applied to Harness of every description. Also, for sale, an assortment of [illegible] STEEL and PLATED BITTS and STIRRUPS.

N. B. Gentlemen can be accommodated with Spring Saddles for trial, if required. June 15—[illegible]

BALM OF COLUMBIA,

An important recent Chemical discovery.

THE ladies and gentlemen of this city and elsewhere, are respectfully informed, that John Oldridge has fortunately discovered, by the power of chemistry, the grand desideratum of preventing Hair from falling off in FORTY-EIGHT HOURS. This balm will most absolutely, in the course of a short time, make the Hair grow *healthy* and *thick*. J. O. is well aware that many fraudulent and impositious Oils, &c. have been imposed on the public, and therefore prejudice will be severe against his discovery, until trial shall convince his patrons that such a thing exists in nature as a certain preventative against the loss of hair. This valuable balm will cause whiskers and beards to grow rapidly. No danger need be apprehended to the human system by the application of this capillary restorative. The public may rest assured that it helps nature, and is perfectly harmless.

Persons desirous of becoming agents for the sale of the Balm of Columbia, will please address the proprietor by letter, (post paid,) with a suitable reference.

Prepared and sold, at $1 a pint, or 50 cents for a half pint bottle, by JOHN OLDRIDGE, No. 55½ South Front street, and at No. 11 North Fourth street, Philadelphia

RECOMMENDATION.

WE, the undersigned, do hereby certify, that we have, in various cases, used the Balm of Columbia, lately discovered by John Oldridge, of Philadelphia, and have found it highly serviceable not only as a preventative against the falling off of hair, but also as a restorative. We, therefore, feel assured of its excellence, and consider it valuable and well worthy the attention of the public. In testimony whereof, we have added our respective signatures, and given it our warmest recommendation.

Abraham A. Robinson, 55 South Front street.
Cromwell Fenner, 1 Taylor's alley, S. Front st.
John Fink Plumb street, between 3d and 4th.
John Cook, 35 Penn street.

The proprietor is in possession of many other respectable certificates, which he does not deem necessary to publish, but invites the public to call and see them march 30—tf

FRENCH SCHOOL.

CHARLES KLOTZ returns his grateful thanks to the citizens of Philadelphia, for the encouragement he has received in this city, and hopes to deserve a continuance of public confidence by his assiduity and attention. He has opened a French Evening School, at his house No. 173 PINE STREET, for the instruction of Young Ladies and Gentlemen, at separate hours, in this useful Language. Terms, $5 per quarter, to be paid half in advance.

Lessons given in private families and Seminaries. C. K. is employed for the tuition of the French Language in two of the most respectable Seminaries in this city, where every satisfaction will be given as to his capacity.

march 23—6m

SEA BATHING.

DR. WILLIAM K. MASON

GRATEFULLY returns his thanks to his customers for former favours, and respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Philadelphia and other places, that he continues to keep the UNION HOTEL, in Tuckerton, New-Jersey, pleasantly situated at the corner of Front and Green streets, which is well arranged to accommodate families, parties, or individuals. They will be supplied with excellent Boarding, comfortable Lodging, and the best of Liquors, at moderate charges, with every attention that can be rendered to make their visit agreeable. Stages start from the Ferry, lower side of Market street, Philadelphia.

Tuckerton, N. J. June 5. (8—3m*

GEORGE ALLCHIN,

BOOK BINDER and GILDER on the edges of Books, Letter and Fillagree Paper. Paper blacked on the edges for mourning, at No. 163 Vine Street, third door above Fifth Street, north side—Where he continues to manufacture Backgammon Tables and Chess Boards.

Orders from any part of the United States executed on reasonable terms. mar. 4—tf

FANCY CHAIRS:

THE Subscribers have on hand, a large assortment of FANCY CHAIRS, made of the best materials, which they will sell low for Cash, at No. 50 CHESNUT STREET, Philadelphia.

feb 2—tf GEORGE C LENTNER,
JOHN PATTERSON.

CARD.

JOHN CARTER, Jun. respectfully informs the public, that his establishment on the Bank of the River Schuylkill, near the FALLS, formerly known by the name of *Mendenhall's*, has been opened since the commencement of the Spring season, and that he is ready to receive those visiters who may be disposed to honor him with their custom and commands.

He takes leave to acquaint the ladies and gentlemen of the metropolis and its vicinity, that he is amply provided with every species of refreshments, and that he can supply them upon the most immediate requisition with Coffee, Tea and Sandwiches Fish of all those denominations, with which that river abounds; Anchovey-Toast—Pickled Salmon—and all kinds of Relishes which it may please their fancy to demand, with the proper paraphernalia to each.

Gentlemen are informed that the grounds are so disposed as to afford sufficient room and accommodation for *Quoit* and *Cricket*, and other Ball Clubs, and that Hot or Cold Dinners can be served up for them at the shortest notice.

The drive to this place on the western side of the river, is extremely romantic—those who prefer the Ridge Road are informed that a Flat Boat is in constant readiness to cross them, and a new and elegant set of Carriages may be had at the Stables, Front Street, above and below Fifth. june 22

PORTER, ALE and CIDER.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he continues to bottle PORTER, ALE and CIDER, of the choicest quality, for home consumption or exportation, at his stand No 108 MARKET STREET, corner of Franklin Court, between Third and Fourth.

may 25—6m JOHN C. RUHLMAN.

CHARLES M'ARTHUR,

Silk, Woollen, and Cotton Dyer, &c. &c.

CONTINUES at the old established stand, No. 31 UNION STREET—where all orders in his line will be punctually attended to.

☞ Cloth, Silk Dresses and Shawls, &c dyed to any shade or pattern, at a short notice, and at very moderate prices. feb 2—tf

The Bath Springs Property,

In the Borough of Bristol, on the [illegible]

ONE of the most excellent and famed Mineral Springs in the United States, as well as a convenient and pleasing abode for a private family and capable of easily containing more, is offered for Sale or Rent, at a reasonable rate. One or several rooms alone can be rented, and [illegible] stabling for a large equipage. No other property in the Union can afford the same advantages for a seminary. Apply on the premises.

june 22—3m

ANDREW MOORE's

TOOTH BRUSH MANUFACTORY, No. [illegible] North Third street, above Race street, Philadelphia, where he offers for sale, Tooth Brushes of a superior quality. Also, Fancy and Common Brushes, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms. All orders thankfully received and punctually attended to. april [illegible]

QUILL MANUFACTORY.

KREYMBORG & HAGEDORN, No. [illegible] [illegible]nut, Philadelphia, has on hand and offers for sale, all kinds of Clarified Yellow and White Manufactured QUILLS, from $2 50 to $[illegible] per thousand. feb 2—[illegible]

Money to Loan on Mortgage.

SEVERAL Sums of different amounts, from [illegible] thousand to fifty thousand Dollars, to Loan on approved security in the City or County of Philadelphia. Apply to ISAAC ELLIOTT, No. [illegible] Chesnut street. feb 2—[illegible]

New Leghorn Store,

NO 31, SOUTH SECOND STREET.

THE Store lately occupied by S. G. [illegible] & Co. is now occupied by Mrs. [illegible], who has just opened a large assortment of gentlemen's, boys' and children's Leghorn Hats, common Straw and Chip Hats, ladies' Leghorn and Split Straw Bonnets, with a variety of Fancy Goods. june 8—tf

Cabinet Ware-Room,

No. 28 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has on hand a variety of Fashionable FURNITURE, made of the best materials, which he offers for sale on reasonable terms. ☞ All orders promptly executed.

june 8—tf JOHN JAMES, jun.

A. NICHOLLS, Saw-Maker,

No. 118 SOUTH FRONT STREET,

HAS lately commenced manufacturing SAWS of various descriptions, such as Cast steel and German Hand and Pannel Saws, Cast steel and German Iron-back Saws, Brass-back Saws, &c. Wood Saw Webs, Breaking, Turning and Chair Webs, Lock and Key-hole Saws, Circular Saws, &c.

Circular Saws, with Spindle complete, put up in the neatest manner.

Cotton Gin Saws, made to any pattern or order.

All the above Saws, in point of temper and workmanship, is warranted superior to any imported, which will be sold, wholesale or retail, cheap for cash. Also, on hand, a Stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS, in general feb 2—tf

Teeth One Dollar.

WILLIAMS performs every operation on the Teeth complete for $1. Filing, extracting and plugging a single tooth, 25 cents, if plugged with gold, 50 cents. Williams fixes teeth in the mouth, warranted to give satisfaction, for $1 50 a tooth Williams gives information from the Italian, French, English and American authorities, calculated to insure good teeth for life. He also saves teeth in the same way his own were saved, the least painful of any of the English ways, there are three ways, by Hunter, Fox and Norton.

june 1—tf B WILLIAMS, *Dentist*,
161 Vine street, near Fifth

Samuel Mason, jun.

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, has Removed from No. 167 Chesnut street to No. 249 Market street, north side, between Sixth and Seventh streets, where he offers for sale, an assortment of warranted patent Lever, Repeating & Plain Watches. Also, Gold, Gilt and Steel Chains, Seals & Keys. *Clocks and Watches carefully repaired.* feb 2—tf

Silk, Cotton and Woollen Dyer.

S. WILLIAMSON, No. 38, North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, respectfully informs the Dry Good Merchants, that he still continues the above business, of Dying French and Canton Crapes, Levantines, Mantua and Florence Silks, Sattins, Velvets, Gauzes, Sewing Silks, Ribands, &c. and restores Silks to their original colours, Bombazets, Bombazeens, Poplins, Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Waterloo Shawls Dyed, Pressed or Sponged, and every article of Clothing.

S. W. flatters himself, from his long experience in the above business, all those who may favor him with their orders he hopes he will be able to give general satisfaction. jan 12—6m

Hugh Downing,

CABINET, Chair and Venetian Blind Maker, No. 36 NORTH SECOND STREET, between Market and Arch, opposite Coomb's alley. Having just commenced business, he flatters himself by promptitude and neatness in the execution of all orders entrusted to him, to merit a share of public favour. june 15—6m

JEHU WARD,

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, No. 42 Market street, between Front and Second, south side, has for sale, an assortment of warranted Watches, together with Chains, Seals and Keys, of various descriptions. Also, Silver Table and Tea Spoons, at reduced prices. Clocks, Watches, &c. repaired on the most reasonable terms, and warranted to perform aug 18—tf

LEATHER STORE.

ABRAHAM WINNEMORE, at No. 56 Pine Street, Philadelphia, has constantly on hand, an assortment of LEATHER, which he can dispose of as low, for cash or approved notes, as can be obtained in the city.

oct 20—tf

WALDREN BEACH,

86 LOMBARD STREET,

MANUFACTURES and has for Sale, in Wholesale quantities, the following articles: Cake, Canister and Roll Blacking—Windsor Soap, and Wash Balls—Pomatum, Ink Powder, Glass Paper, &c. &c.

N. B. The Manufacturer will sell in wholesale quantities only, to Stores, and [illegible] Retail.